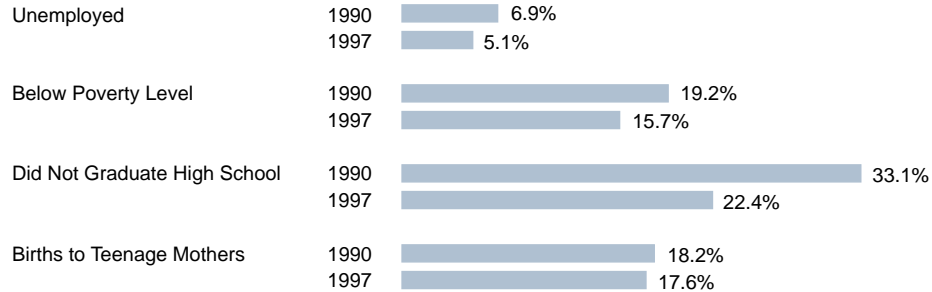


# Criminal Justice System Trends and Indicators

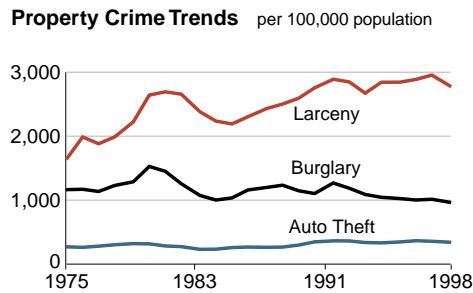
## Alabama

**Social indicators help describe how a state and its population change over time. What kinds of changes occurred in Alabama from 1990 to 1997 that might relate to justice system trends?**

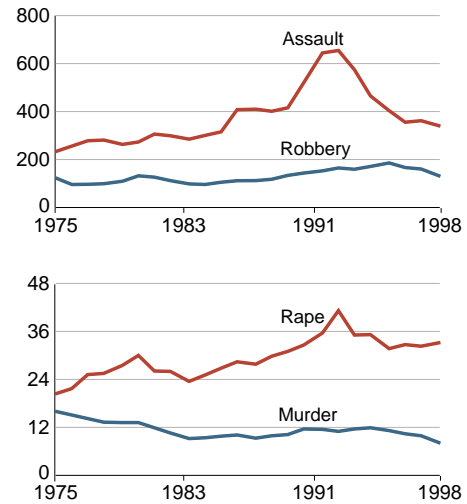


**The U.S. violent crime rate increased from 1975 to 1992, then decreased through 1998. The U.S. property crime rate has also decreased since the early 1990s.**

**What are the trends in Alabama?**



**Violent Crime Trends** per 100,000 population



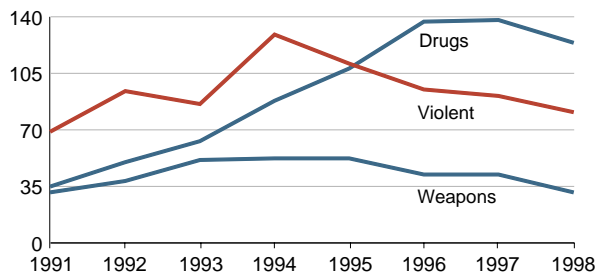
**Law enforcement agencies nationwide have been making greater use of civilian employees. What is the trend in Alabama?**

Year	Sworn Officers	Civilians
1991	8,271	3,548
1995	9,152	4,266
1998	9,954	4,784
Percent Change 1991-1998	20%	35%

## Juvenile Delinquency

State and national attention focused on juvenile delinquency during the 1990s, particularly in the areas of violent, weapons, and drug crimes. What happened to arrest rates in Alabama for these crime types?

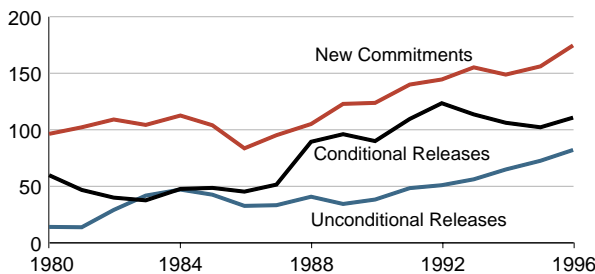
per 100,000 juveniles



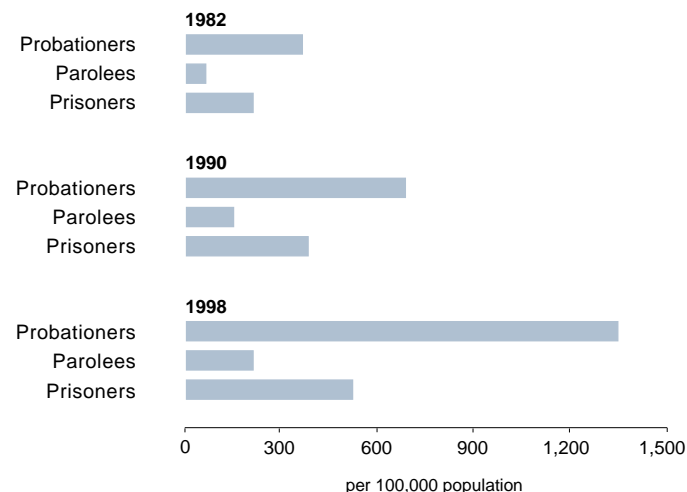
## Adult Corrections

How does the number of prison commitments compare with the number of offenders released from prison?

per 100,000 population

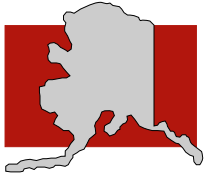


How has the number of offenders on probation, parole, and in prison changed?



## Alabama Statistical Profile

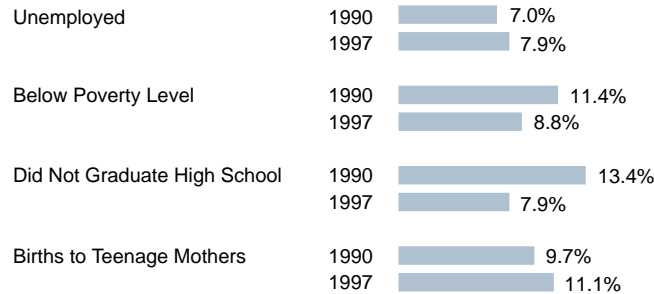
- ◆ The population of Alabama increased 6.7% from 1990–1997. The estimated population for 1998 was 4.4 million.
- ◆ As of 1996, 67.7% of the state's population lived in a metropolitan area.
- ◆ In 1998, residents 65 years of age or older comprised 13.1% of the population.
- ◆ Between 1995 and 2015, the juvenile population is projected to increase 3%.
- ◆ The median household income in 1997 was \$31,939.
- ◆ Total state and local justice system direct expenditures for 1995 were \$999 million.
- ◆ In 1995, the total staff of state correctional facilities was 3,263.



# Criminal Justice System Trends and Indicators

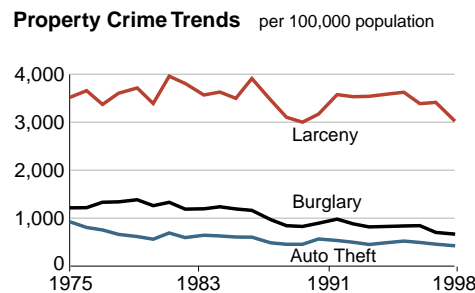
## Alaska

**Social indicators help describe how a state and its population change over time. What kinds of changes occurred in Alaska from 1990 to 1997 that might relate to justice system trends?**

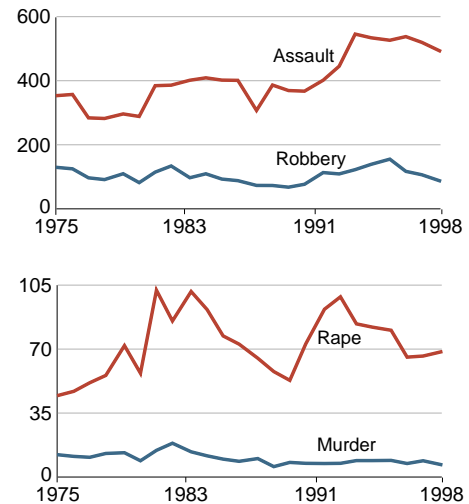


**The U.S. violent crime rate increased from 1975 to 1992, then decreased through 1998. The U.S. property crime rate has also decreased since the early 1990s.**

**What are the trends in Alaska?**



**Violent Crime Trends** per 100,000 population

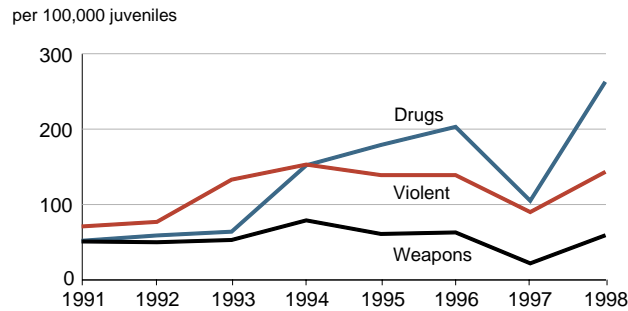


**Law enforcement agencies nationwide have been making greater use of civilian employees. What is the trend in Alaska?**

Year	Sworn Officers	Civilians
1991	963	594
1995	1,095	632
1998	1,074	654
Percent Change 1991-1998	12%	10%

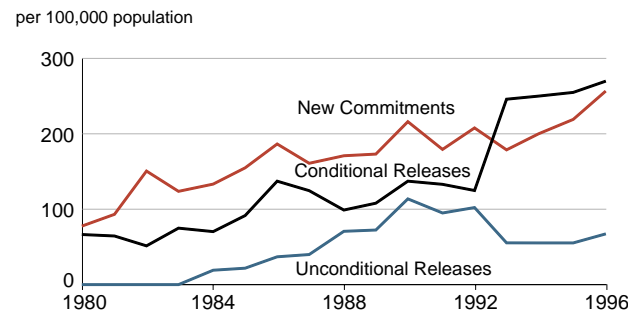
## Juvenile Delinquency

State and national attention focused on juvenile delinquency during the 1990s, particularly in the areas of violent, weapons, and drug crimes. What happened to arrest rates in Alaska for these crime types?

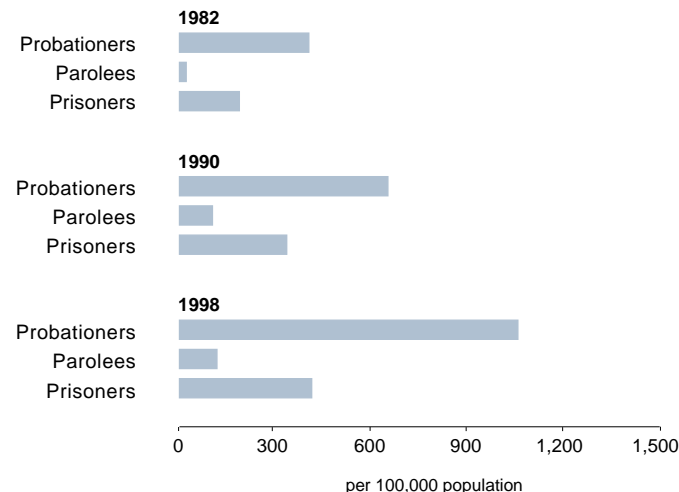


## Adult Corrections

How does the number of prison commitments compare with the number of offenders released from prison?

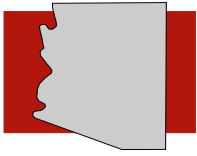


How has the number of offenders on probation, parole, and in prison changed?



## Alaska Statistical Profile

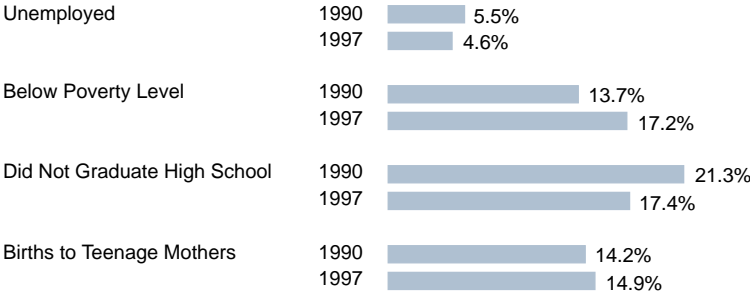
- ◆ The population of Alaska increased 10.1% from 1990–1997. The estimated population for 1998 was 614,000.
- ◆ As of 1996, 41.3% of the state's population lived in a metropolitan area.
- ◆ In 1998, residents 65 years of age or older comprised 5.5% of the population.
- ◆ Between 1995 and 2015, the juvenile population is projected to increase 27%.
- ◆ The median household income in 1997 was \$47,994.
- ◆ Total state and local justice system direct expenditures for 1995 were \$466.4 million.
- ◆ In 1995, the total staff of state correctional facilities was 1,272.



# Criminal Justice System Trends and Indicators

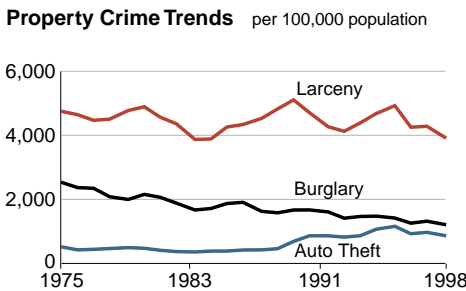
## Arizona

**Social indicators help describe how a state and its population change over time. What kinds of changes occurred in Arizona from 1990 to 1997 that might relate to justice system trends?**

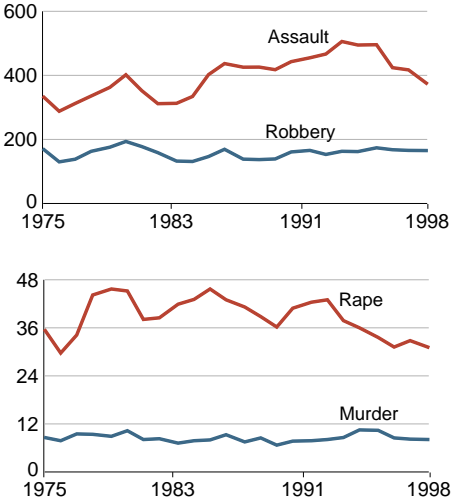


**The U.S. violent crime rate increased from 1975 to 1992, then decreased through 1998. The U.S. property crime rate has also decreased since the early 1990s.**

**What are the trends in Arizona?**



**Violent Crime Trends** per 100,000 population

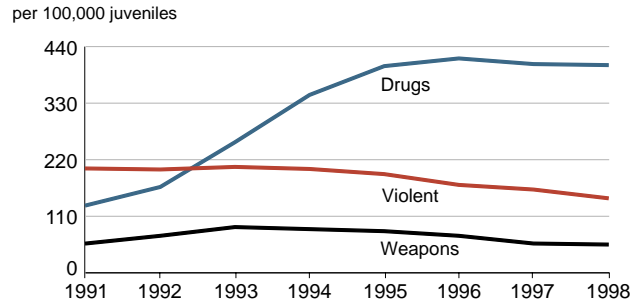


**Law enforcement agencies nationwide have been making greater use of civilian employees. What is the trend in Arizona?**

Year	Sworn Officers	Civilians
1991	7,589	5,089
1995	8,613	5,875
1998	9,768	7,088
Percent Change 1991-1998	29%	39%

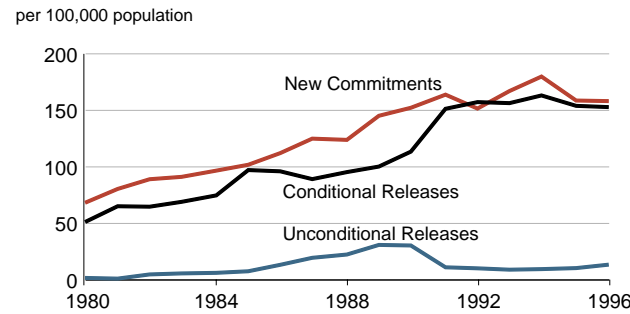
## Juvenile Delinquency

State and national attention focused on juvenile delinquency during the 1990s, particularly in the areas of violent, weapons, and drug crimes. What happened to arrest rates in Arizona for these crime types?

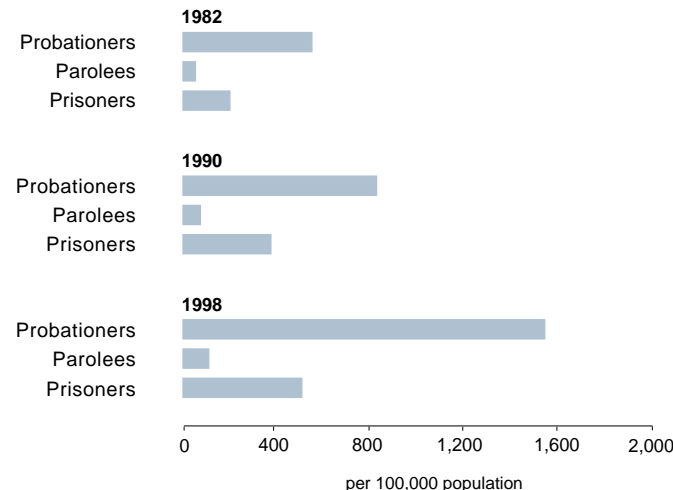


## Adult Corrections

How does the number of prison commitments compare with the number of offenders released from prison?

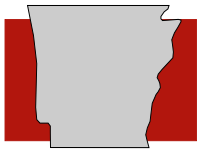


How has the number of offenders on probation, parole, and in prison changed?



## Arizona Statistical Profile

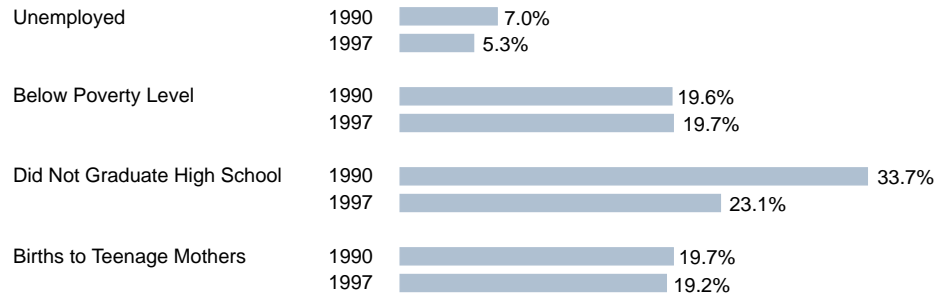
- ◆ The population of Arizona increased 23.7% from 1990–1997. The estimated population for 1998 was 4.7 million.
- ◆ As of 1996, 87.6% of the state's population lived in a metropolitan area.
- ◆ In 1998, residents 65 years of age or older comprised 13.2% of the population.
- ◆ Between 1995 and 2015, the juvenile population is projected to increase 20%.
- ◆ The median household income in 1997 was \$32,740.
- ◆ Total state and local justice system direct expenditures for 1995 were \$1.7 billion.
- ◆ In 1995, the total staff of state correctional facilities was 6,806.



# Criminal Justice System Trends and Indicators

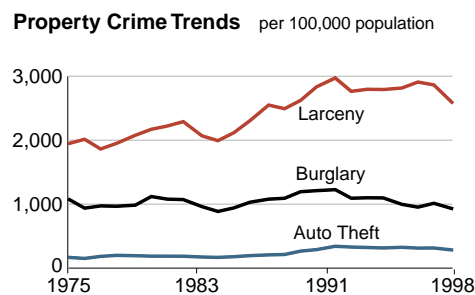
## Arkansas

**Social indicators help describe how a state and its population change over time. What kinds of changes occurred in Arkansas from 1990 to 1997 that might relate to justice system trends?**

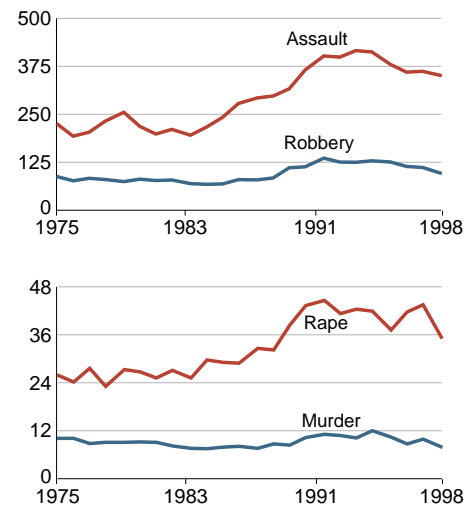


**The U.S. violent crime rate increased from 1975 to 1992, then decreased through 1998. The U.S. property crime rate has also decreased since the early 1990s.**

**What are the trends in Arkansas?**



**Violent Crime Trends** per 100,000 population

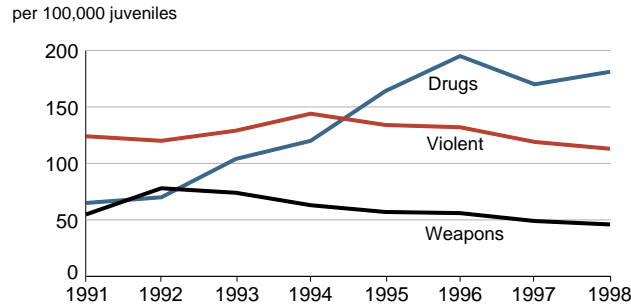


**Law enforcement agencies nationwide have been making greater use of civilian employees. What is the trend in Arkansas?**

Year	Sworn Officers	Civilians
1991	3,648	1,900
1995	4,660	2,164
1998	5,288	2,603
Percent Change 1991-1998	45%	37%

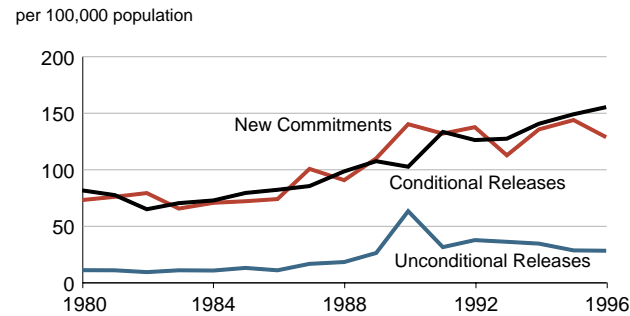
## Juvenile Delinquency

State and national attention focused on juvenile delinquency during the 1990s, particularly in the areas of violent, weapons, and drug crimes. What happened to arrest rates in Arkansas for these crime types?

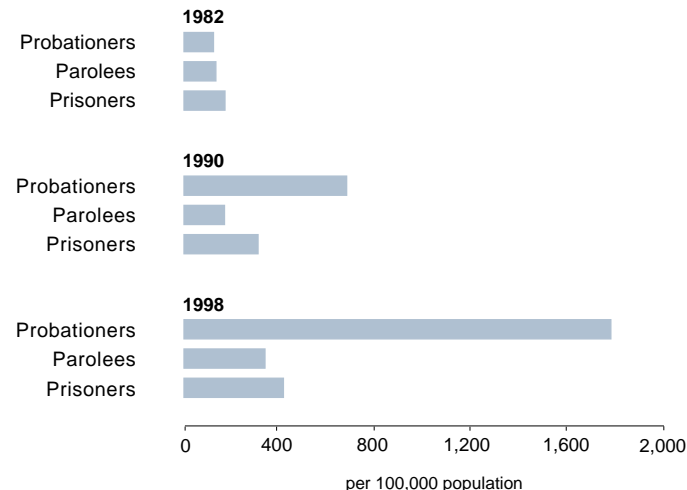


## Adult Corrections

How does the number of prison commitments compare with the number of offenders released from prison?



How has the number of offenders on probation, parole, and in prison changed?



## Arkansas Statistical Profile

- ◆ The population of Arkansas increased 7.2% from 1990–1997. The estimated population for 1998 was 2.5 million.
- ◆ As of 1996, 48.3% of the state’s population lived in a metropolitan area.
- ◆ In 1998, residents 65 years of age or older comprised 14.3% of the population.
- ◆ Between 1995 and 2015, the juvenile population is projected to decrease 4%.
- ◆ The median household income in 1997 was \$26,162.
- ◆ Total state and local justice system direct expenditures for 1995 were \$503.5 million.
- ◆ In 1995, the total staff of state correctional facilities was 2,293.

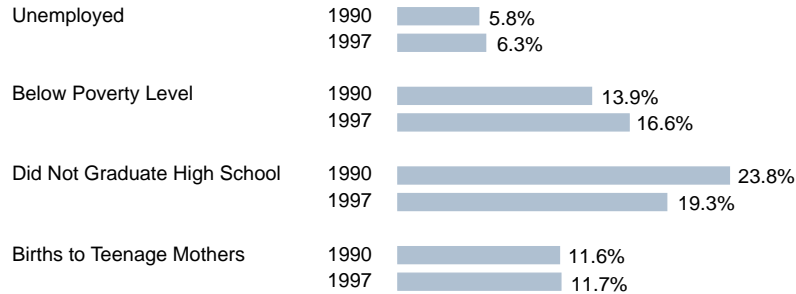




# Criminal Justice System Trends and Indicators

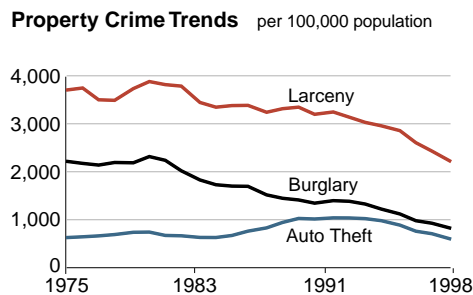
## California

**Social indicators help describe how a state and its population change over time. What kinds of changes occurred in California from 1990 to 1997 that might relate to justice system trends?**

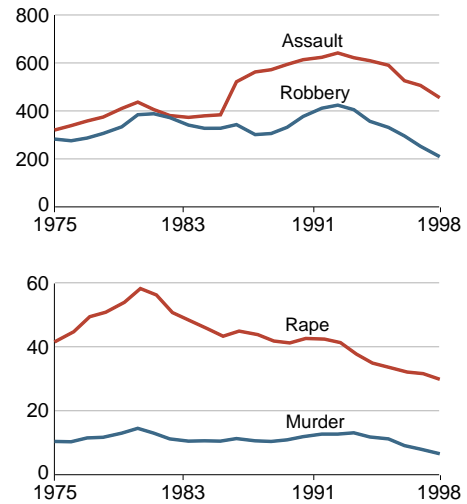


**The U.S. violent crime rate increased from 1975 to 1992, then decreased through 1998. The U.S. property crime rate has also decreased since the early 1990s.**

**What are the trends in California?**



**Violent Crime Trends** per 100,000 population

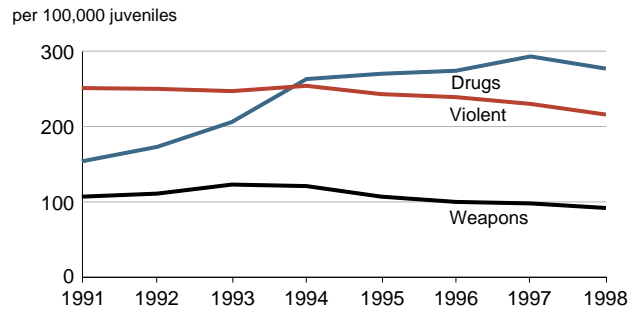


**Law enforcement agencies nationwide have been making greater use of civilian employees. What is the trend in California?**

Year	Sworn Officers	Civilians
1991	61,139	27,805
1995	61,568	28,713
1998	67,317	31,605
Percent Change 1991-1998	10%	14%

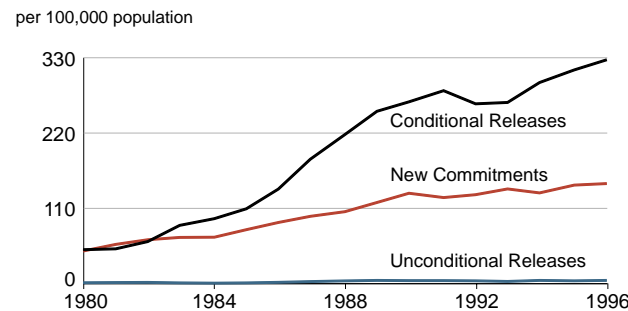
## Juvenile Delinquency

State and national attention focused on juvenile delinquency during the 1990s, particularly in the areas of violent, weapons, and drug crimes. What happened to arrest rates in California for these crime types?

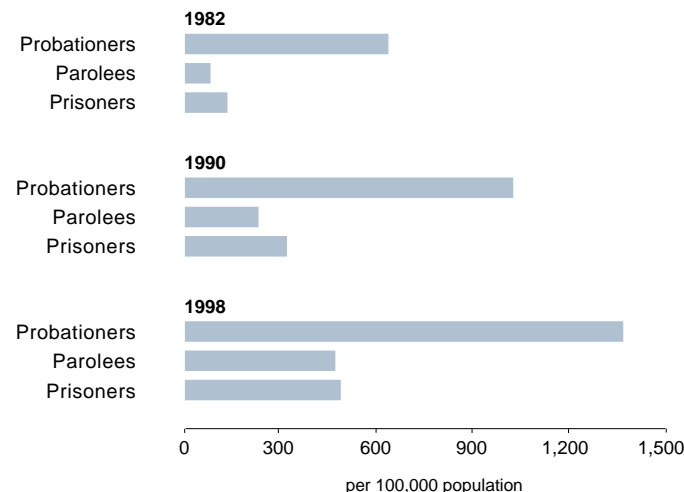


## Adult Corrections

How does the number of prison commitments compare with the number of offenders released from prison?

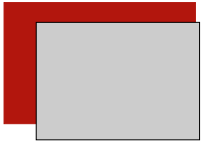


How has the number of offenders on probation, parole, and in prison changed?



## California Statistical Profile

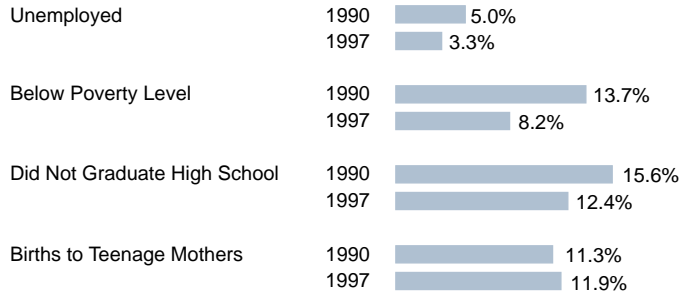
- ◆ The population of California increased 7.6% from 1990–1997. The estimated population for 1998 was 32.7 million.
- ◆ As of 1996, 96.6% of the state's population lived in a metropolitan area.
- ◆ In 1998, residents 65 years of age or older comprised 11.1% of the population.
- ◆ Between 1995 and 2015, the juvenile population is projected to increase 34%.
- ◆ The median household income in 1997 was \$39,694.
- ◆ Total state and local justice system direct expenditures for 1995 were \$15.6 billion.
- ◆ In 1995, the total staff of state correctional facilities was 32,700.



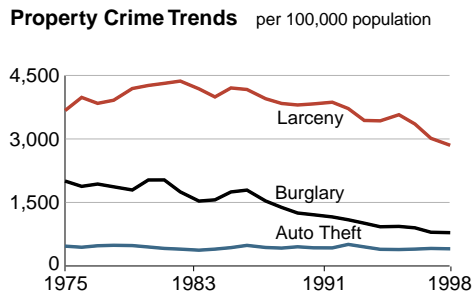
# Criminal Justice System Trends and Indicators

## Colorado

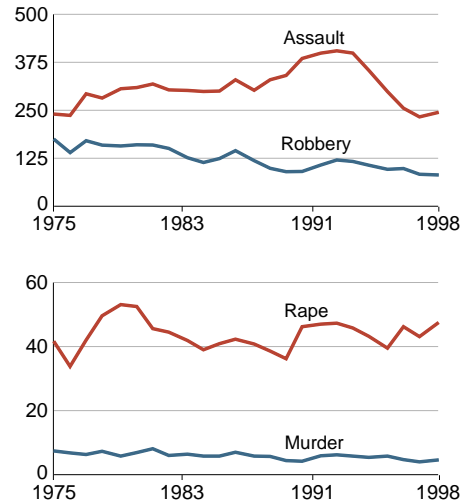
**Social indicators help describe how a state and its population change over time. What kinds of changes occurred in Colorado from 1990 to 1997 that might relate to justice system trends?**



**The U.S. violent crime rate increased from 1975 to 1992, then decreased through 1998. The U.S. property crime rate has also decreased since the early 1990s. What are the trends in Colorado?**



**Violent Crime Trends** per 100,000 population

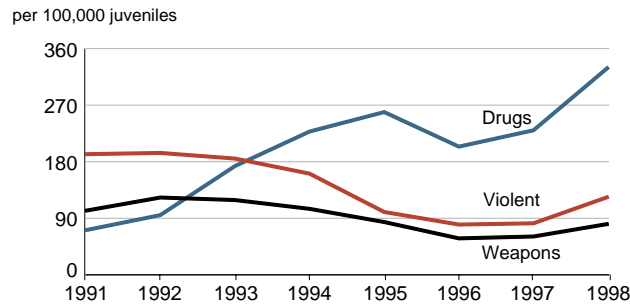


**Law enforcement agencies nationwide have been making greater use of civilian employees. What is the trend in Colorado?**

Year	Sworn Officers	Civilians
1991	7,727	2,876
1995	8,504	3,857
1998	10,119	4,323
Percent Change 1991-1998	31%	50%

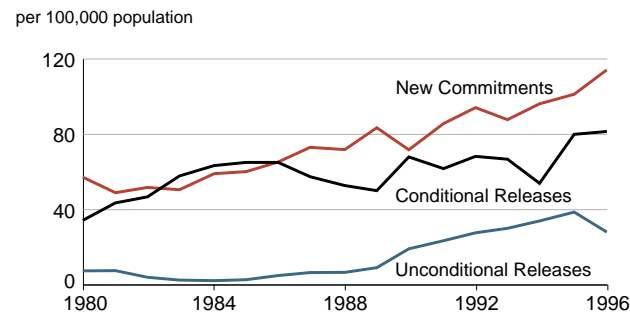
## Juvenile Delinquency

State and national attention focused on juvenile delinquency during the 1990s, particularly in the areas of violent, weapons, and drug crimes. What happened to arrest rates in Colorado for these crime types?

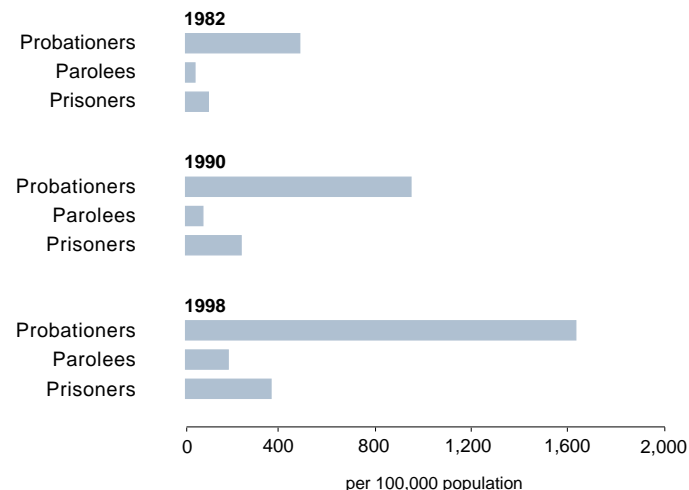


## Adult Corrections

How does the number of prison commitments compare with the number of offenders released from prison?

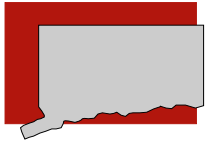


How has the number of offenders on probation, parole, and in prison changed?



## Colorado Statistical Profile

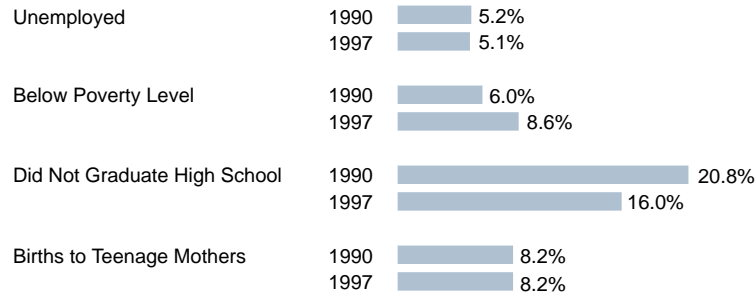
- ◆ The population of Colorado increased 17.8% from 1990–1997. The estimated population for 1998 was 4 million.
- ◆ As of 1996, 84% of the state's population lived in a metropolitan area.
- ◆ In 1998, residents 65 years of age or older comprised 10.1% of the population.
- ◆ Between 1995 and 2015, the juvenile population is projected to increase 12%.
- ◆ The median household income in 1997 was \$43,233.
- ◆ Total state and local justice system direct expenditures for 1995 were \$1.3 billion.
- ◆ In 1995, the total staff of state correctional facilities was 3,085.



# Criminal Justice System Trends and Indicators

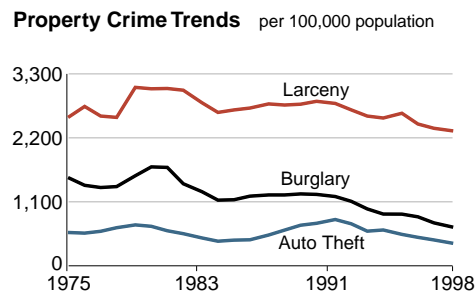
## Connecticut

**Social indicators help describe how a state and its population change over time. What kinds of changes occurred in Connecticut from 1990 to 1997 that might relate to justice system trends?**

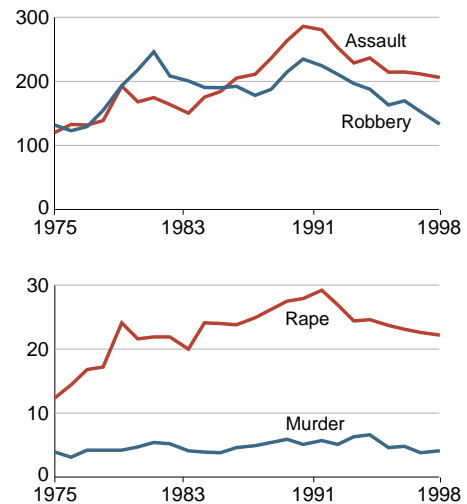


**The U.S. violent crime rate increased from 1975 to 1992, then decreased through 1998. The U.S. property crime rate has also decreased since the early 1990s.**

**What are the trends in Connecticut?**



**Violent Crime Trends** per 100,000 population

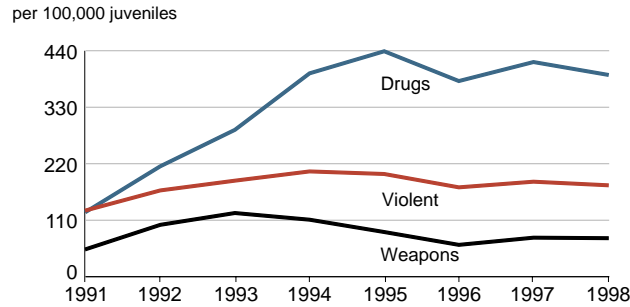


**Law enforcement agencies nationwide have been making greater use of civilian employees. What is the trend in Connecticut?**

Year	Sworn Officers	Civilians
1991	7,060	1,561
1995	7,401	1,713
1998	7,699	1,819
Percent Change 1991-1998	9%	17%

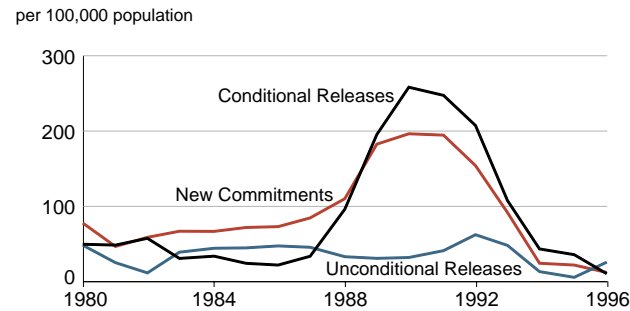
## Juvenile Delinquency

State and national attention focused on juvenile delinquency during the 1990s, particularly in the areas of violent, weapons, and drug crimes. What happened to arrest rates in Connecticut for these crime types?

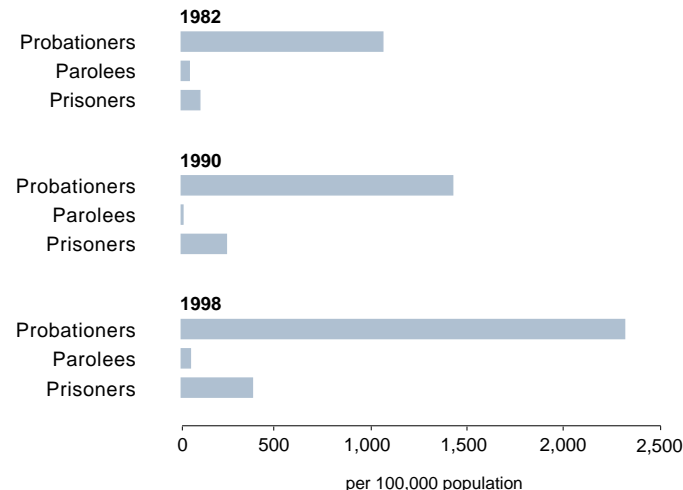


## Adult Corrections

How does the number of prison commitments compare with the number of offenders released from prison?

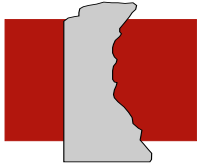


How has the number of offenders on probation, parole, and in prison changed?



## Connecticut Statistical Profile

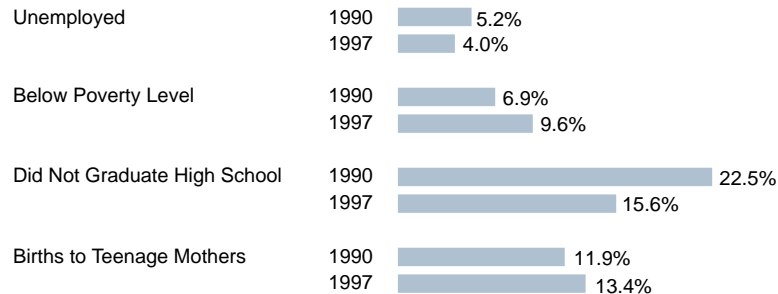
- ◆ The population of Connecticut decreased 0.6% from 1990–1997. The estimated population for 1998 was 3.3 million.
- ◆ As of 1996, 95.6% of the state's population lived in a metropolitan area.
- ◆ In 1998, residents 65 years of age or older comprised 14.3% of the population.
- ◆ Between 1995 and 2015, the juvenile population is projected to decrease 2%.
- ◆ The median household income in 1997 was \$43,985.
- ◆ Total state and local justice system direct expenditures for 1995 were \$1.3 billion.
- ◆ In 1995, the total staff of state correctional facilities was 5,886.



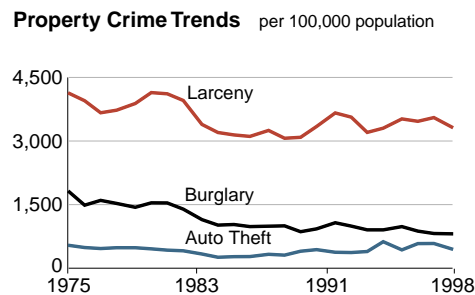
# Criminal Justice System Trends and Indicators

## Delaware

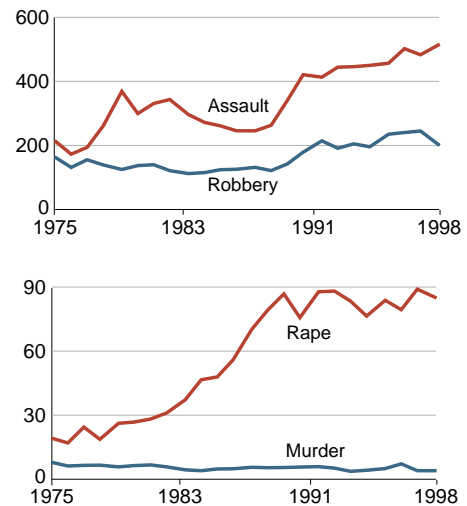
**Social indicators help describe how a state and its population change over time. What kinds of changes occurred in Delaware from 1990 to 1997 that might relate to justice system trends?**



**The U.S. violent crime rate increased from 1975 to 1992, then decreased through 1998. The U.S. property crime rate has also decreased since the early 1990s. What are the trends in Delaware?**



**Violent Crime Trends** per 100,000 population

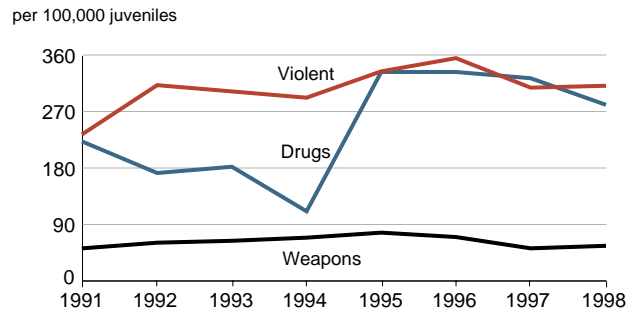


**Law enforcement agencies nationwide have been making greater use of civilian employees. What is the trend in Delaware?**

Year	Sworn Officers	Civilians
1991	1,351	--
1995	1,617	417
1998	1,766	580
Percent Change 1991-1998	9%	39%

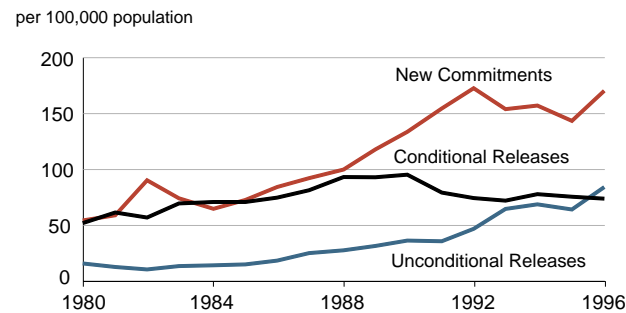
## Juvenile Delinquency

State and national attention focused on juvenile delinquency during the 1990s, particularly in the areas of violent, weapons, and drug crimes. What happened to arrest rates in Delaware for these crime types?

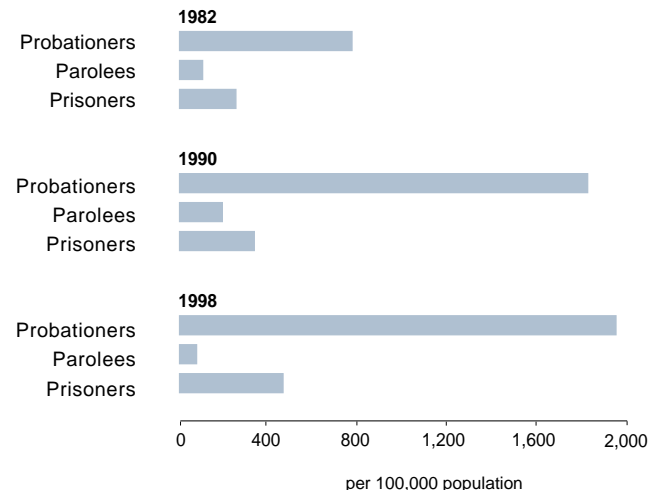


## Adult Corrections

How does the number of prison commitments compare with the number of offenders released from prison?



How has the number of offenders on probation, parole, and in prison changed?



## Delaware Statistical Profile

- ◆ The population of Delaware increased 9.9% from 1990–1997. The estimated population for 1998 was 744,000.
- ◆ As of 1996, 81.9% of the state's population lived in a metropolitan area.
- ◆ In 1998, residents 65 years of age or older comprised 13% of the population.
- ◆ Between 1995 and 2015, the juvenile population is projected to increase 3%.
- ◆ The median household income in 1997 was \$43,033.
- ◆ Total state and local justice system direct expenditures for 1995 were \$293.4 million.
- ◆ In 1995, the total staff of state correctional facilities was 1,266.

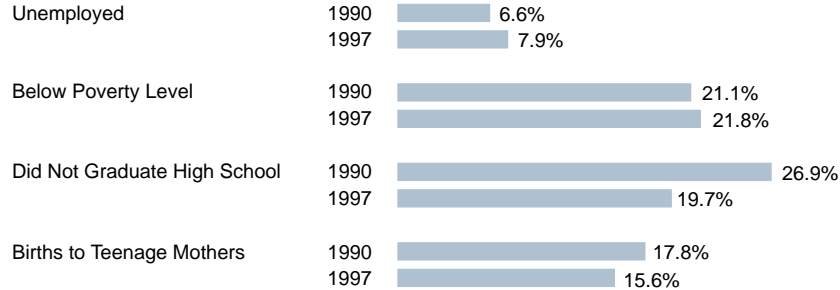




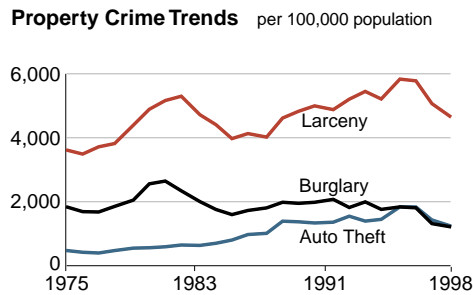
# Criminal Justice System Trends and Indicators

## District of Columbia

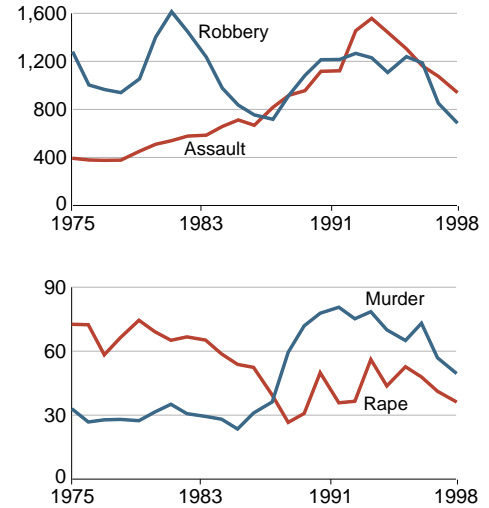
**Social indicators help describe how a state and its population change over time. What kinds of changes occurred in the District of Columbia from 1990 to 1997 that might relate to justice system trends?**



**The U.S. violent crime rate increased from 1975 to 1992, then decreased through 1998. The U.S. property crime rate has also decreased since the early 1990s. What are the trends in the District of Columbia?**



**Violent Crime Trends** per 100,000 population

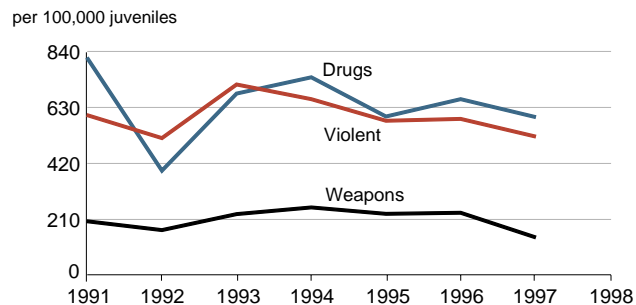


**Law enforcement agencies nationwide have been making greater use of civilian employees. What is the trend in the District of Columbia?**

Year	Sworn Officers	Civilians
1991	4,502	646
1995	3,691	658
1998	4,132	747
Percent Change 1991-1998	-8%	16%

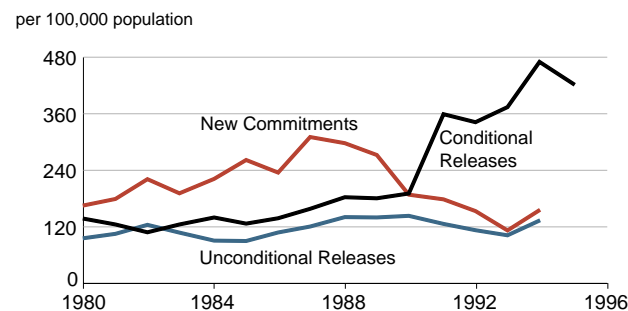
## Juvenile Delinquency

State and national attention focused on juvenile delinquency during the 1990s, particularly in the areas of violent, weapons, and drug crimes. What happened to arrest rates in the District of Columbia for these crime types?

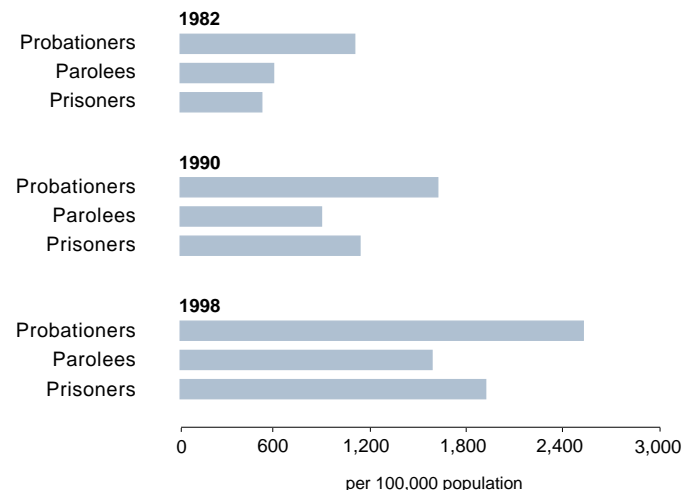


## Adult Corrections

How does the number of prison commitments compare with the number of offenders released from prison?

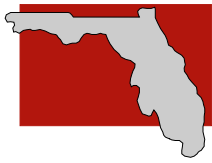


How has the number of offenders on probation, parole, and in prison changed?



## District of Columbia Statistical Profile

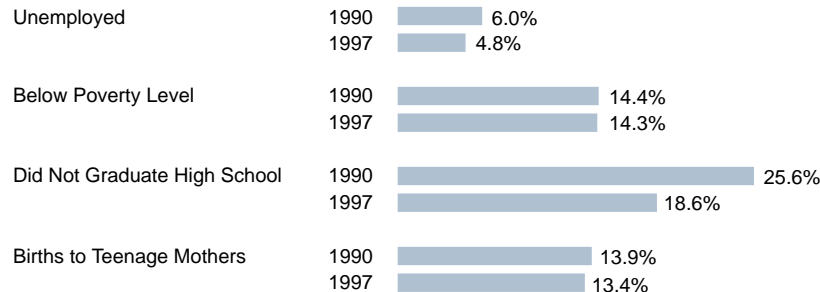
- ◆ The population of the District of Columbia decreased 12.4% from 1990–1997. The estimated population for 1998 was 523,000.
- ◆ As of 1996, 100% of the district's population lived in a metropolitan area.
- ◆ In 1998, residents 65 years of age or older comprised 13.9% of the population.
- ◆ Between 1995 and 2015, the juvenile population is projected to increase 29%.
- ◆ The median household income in 1997 was \$31,860.
- ◆ Total state and local justice system direct expenditures for 1995 were \$678 million.
- ◆ In 1995, the total staff of the district's correctional facilities was 2,849.



# Criminal Justice System Trends and Indicators

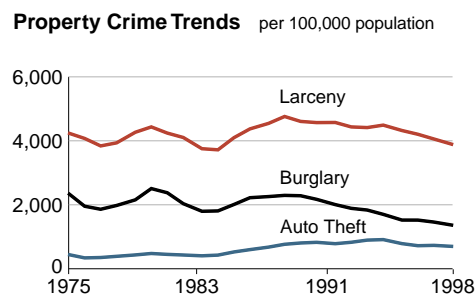
## Florida

**Social indicators help describe how a state and its population change over time. What kinds of changes occurred in Florida from 1990 to 1997 that might relate to justice system trends?**

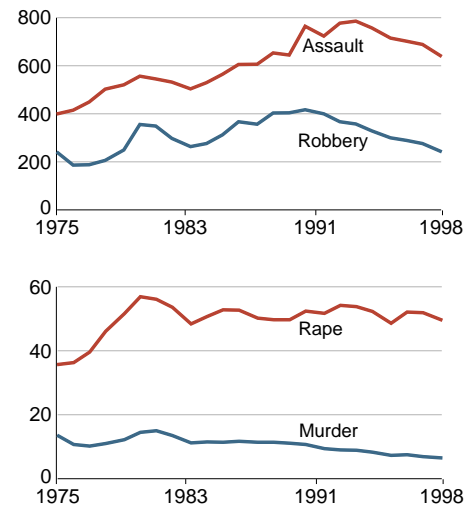


**The U.S. violent crime rate increased from 1975 to 1992, then decreased through 1998. The U.S. property crime rate has also decreased since the early 1990s.**

**What are the trends in Florida?**



**Violent Crime Trends** per 100,000 population

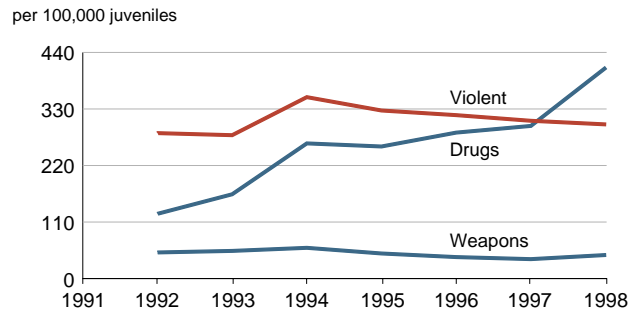


**Law enforcement agencies nationwide have been making greater use of civilian employees. What is the trend in Florida?**

Year	Sworn Officers	Civilians
1991	30,647	21,322
1995	30,171	20,651
1998	37,105	25,392
Percent Change 1991-1998	21%	19%

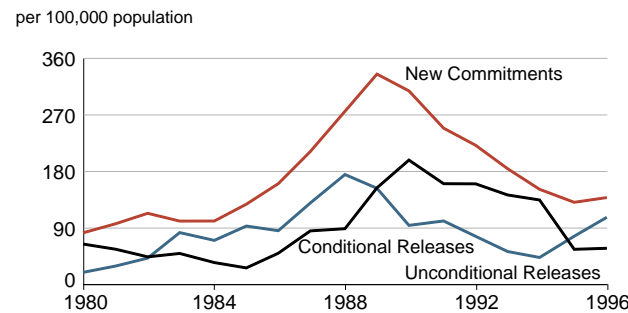
## Juvenile Delinquency

State and national attention focused on juvenile delinquency during the 1990s, particularly in the areas of violent, weapons, and drug crimes. What happened to arrest rates in Florida for these crime types?

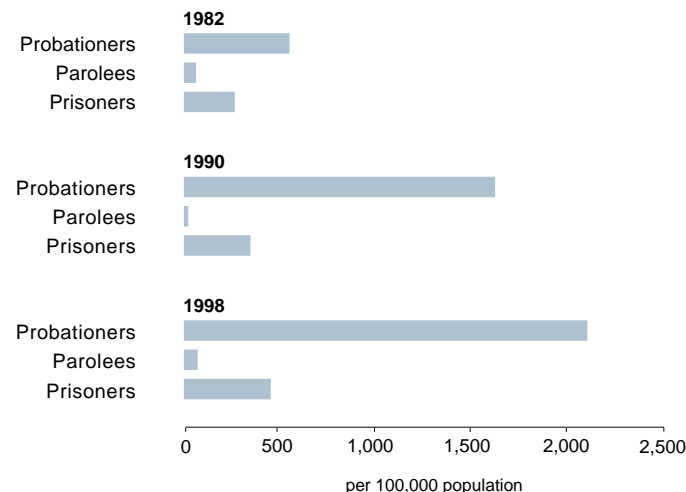


## Adult Corrections

How does the number of prison commitments compare with the number of offenders released from prison?

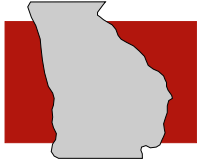


How has the number of offenders on probation, parole, and in prison changed?



## Florida Statistical Profile

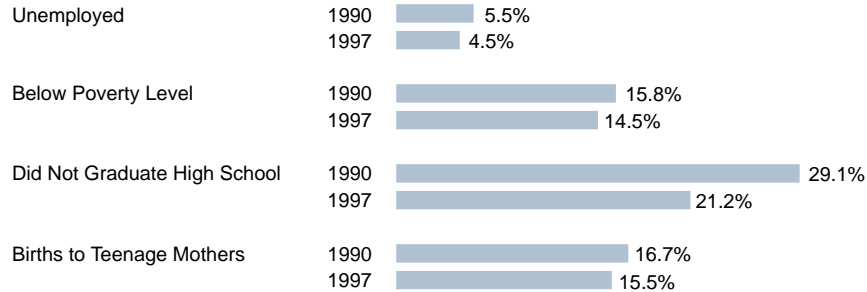
- ◆ The population of Florida increased 12.8% from 1990–1997. The estimated population for 1998 was 14.9 million.
- ◆ As of 1996, 92.9% of the state's population lived in a metropolitan area.
- ◆ In 1998, residents 65 years of age or older comprised 18.3% of the population.
- ◆ Between 1995 and 2015, the juvenile population is projected to increase 9%.
- ◆ The median household income in 1997 was \$32,455.
- ◆ Total state and local justice system direct expenditures for 1995 were \$6.4 billion.
- ◆ In 1995, the total staff of state correctional facilities was 21,049.



# Criminal Justice System Trends and Indicators

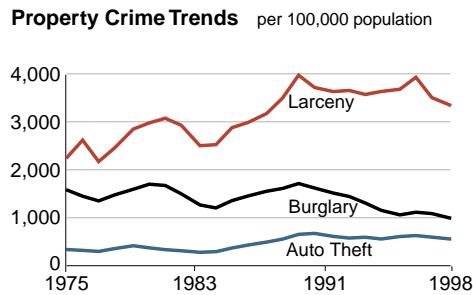
## Georgia

**Social indicators help describe how a state and its population change over time. What kinds of changes occurred in Georgia from 1990 to 1997 that might relate to justice system trends?**

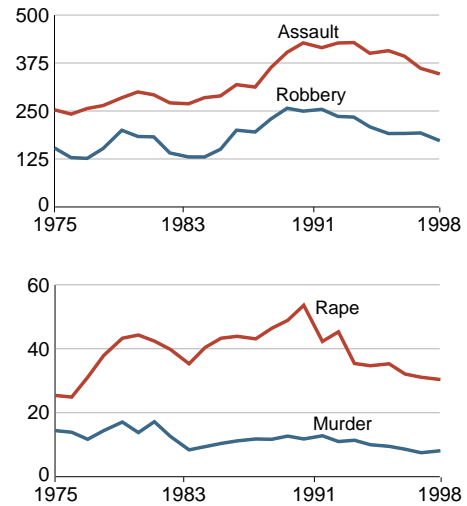


**The U.S. violent crime rate increased from 1975 to 1992, then decreased through 1998. The U.S. property crime rate has also decreased since the early 1990s.**

**What are the trends in Georgia?**



**Violent Crime Trends** per 100,000 population

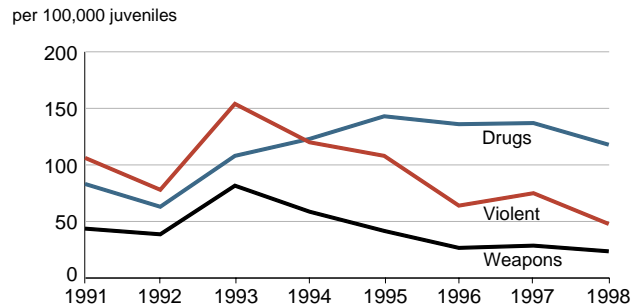


**Law enforcement agencies nationwide have been making greater use of civilian employees. What is the trend in Georgia?**

Year	Sworn Officers	Civilians
1991	17,036	5,661
1995	18,413	7,998
1998	21,264	7,223
Percent Change 1991-1998	25%	28%

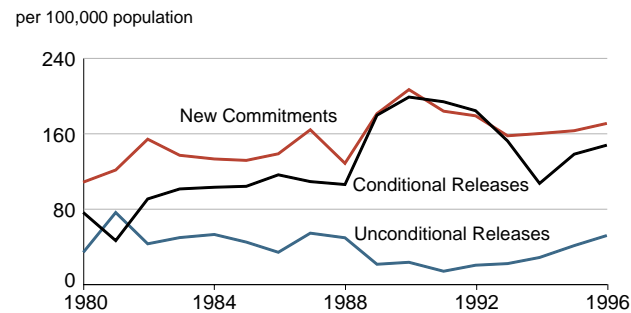
## Juvenile Delinquency

State and national attention focused on juvenile delinquency during the 1990s, particularly in the areas of violent, weapons, and drug crimes. What happened to arrest rates in Georgia for these crime types?

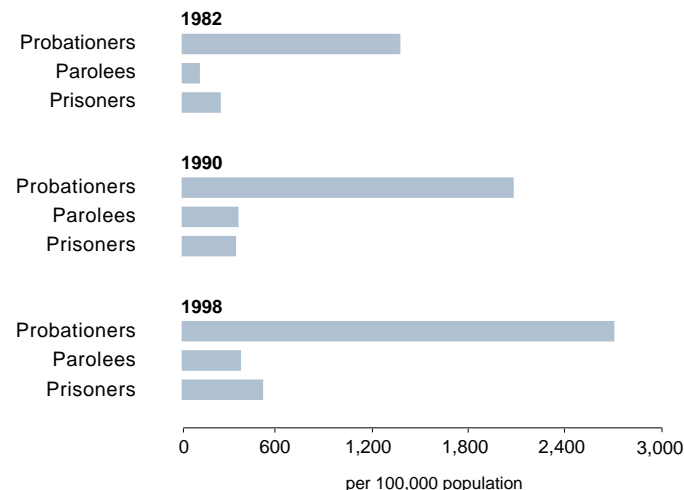


## Adult Corrections

How does the number of prison commitments compare with the number of offenders released from prison?

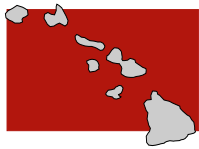


How has the number of offenders on probation, parole, and in prison changed?



## Georgia Statistical Profile

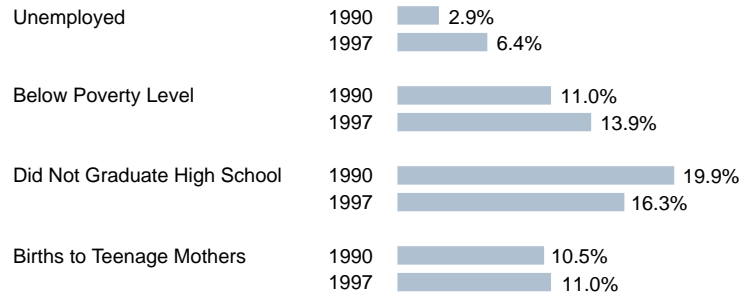
- ◆ The population of Georgia increased 15.1% from 1990–1997. The estimated population for 1998 was 7.6 million.
- ◆ As of 1996, 68.5% of the state's population lived in a metropolitan area.
- ◆ In 1998, residents 65 years of age or older comprised 9.9% of the population.
- ◆ Between 1995 and 2015, the juvenile population is projected to increase 14%.
- ◆ The median household income in 1997 was \$36,663.
- ◆ Total state and local justice system direct expenditures for 1995 were \$2.2 billion.
- ◆ In 1995, the total staff of state correctional facilities was 10,538.



# Criminal Justice System Trends and Indicators

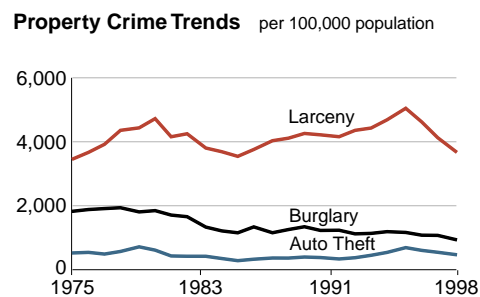
## Hawaii

**Social indicators help describe how a state and its population change over time. What kinds of changes occurred in Hawaii from 1990 to 1997 that might relate to justice system trends?**

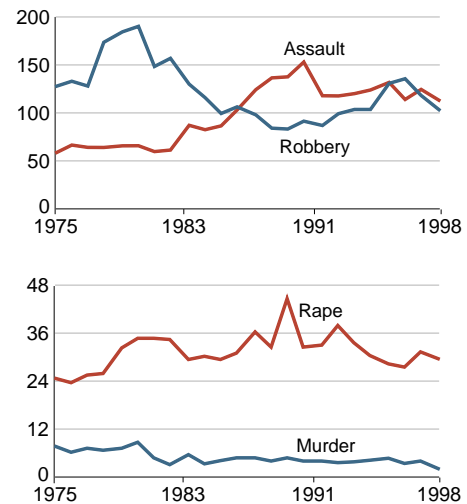


**The U.S. violent crime rate increased from 1975 to 1992, then decreased through 1998. The U.S. property crime rate has also decreased since the early 1990s.**

**What are the trends in Hawaii?**



**Violent Crime Trends** per 100,000 population

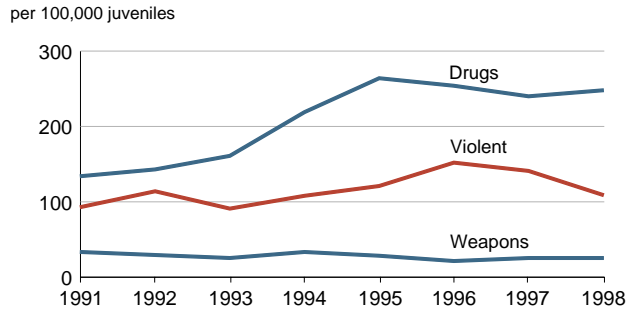


**Law enforcement agencies nationwide have been making greater use of civilian employees. What is the trend in Hawaii?**

Year	Sworn Officers	Civilians
1991	2,638	643
1995	2,517	704
1998	2,588	777
Percent Change 1991-1998	-2%	21%

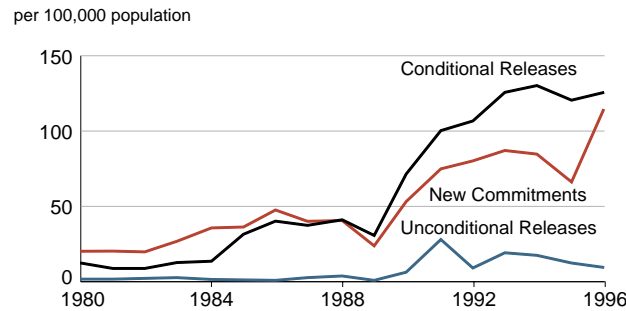
## Juvenile Delinquency

State and national attention focused on juvenile delinquency during the 1990s, particularly in the areas of violent, weapons, and drug crimes. What happened to arrest rates in Hawaii for these crime types?

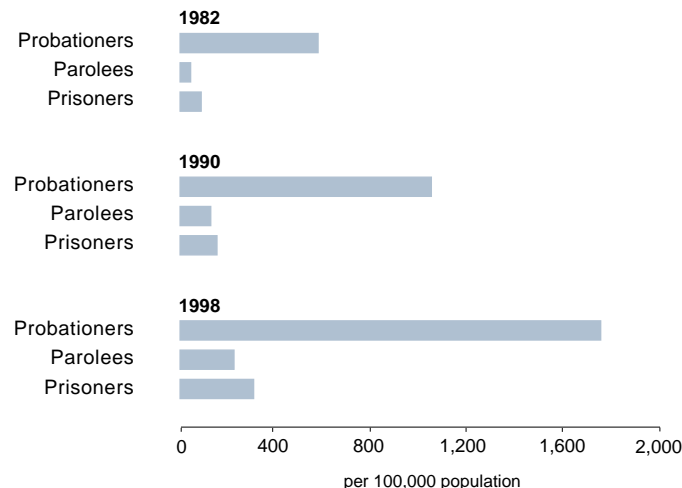


## Adult Corrections

How does the number of prison commitments compare with the number of offenders released from prison?



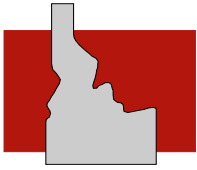
How has the number of offenders on probation, parole, and in prison changed?



## Hawaii Statistical Profile

- ◆ The population of Hawaii increased 6.9% from 1990–1997. The estimated population for 1998 was 1.2 million.
- ◆ As of 1996, 73.6% of the state's population lived in a metropolitan area.
- ◆ In 1998, residents 65 years of age or older comprised 13.3% of the population.
- ◆ Between 1995 and 2015, the juvenile population is projected to increase 32%.
- ◆ The median household income in 1997 was \$40,934.
- ◆ Total state and local justice system direct expenditures for 1995 were \$453 million.
- ◆ In 1995, the total staff of state correctional facilities was 1,216.

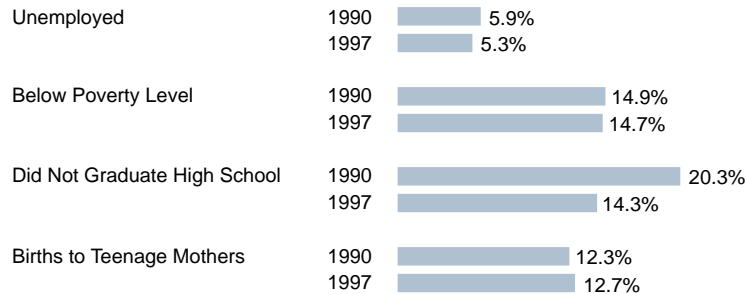




# Criminal Justice System Trends and Indicators

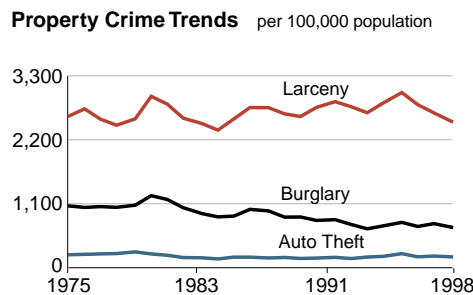
## Idaho

**Social indicators help describe how a state and its population change over time. What kinds of changes occurred in Idaho from 1990 to 1997 that might relate to justice system trends?**

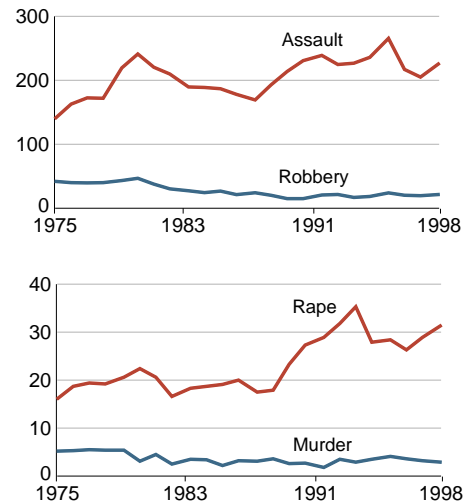


**The U.S. violent crime rate increased from 1975 to 1992, then decreased through 1998. The U.S. property crime rate has also decreased since the early 1990s.**

**What are the trends in Idaho?**



**Violent Crime Trends** per 100,000 population



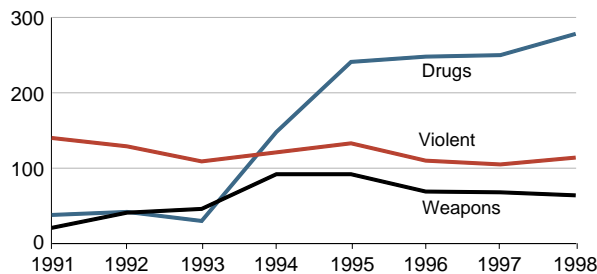
**Law enforcement agencies nationwide have been making greater use of civilian employees. What is the trend in Idaho?**

Year	Sworn Officers	Civilians
1991	2,028	615
1995	2,058	811
1998	2,247	915
Percent Change 1991-1998	11%	49%

## Juvenile Delinquency

State and national attention focused on juvenile delinquency during the 1990s, particularly in the areas of violent, weapons, and drug crimes. What happened to arrest rates in Idaho for these crime types?

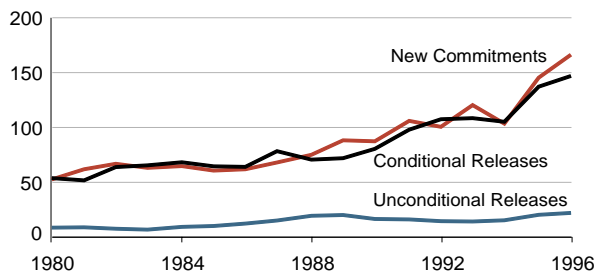
per 100,000 juveniles



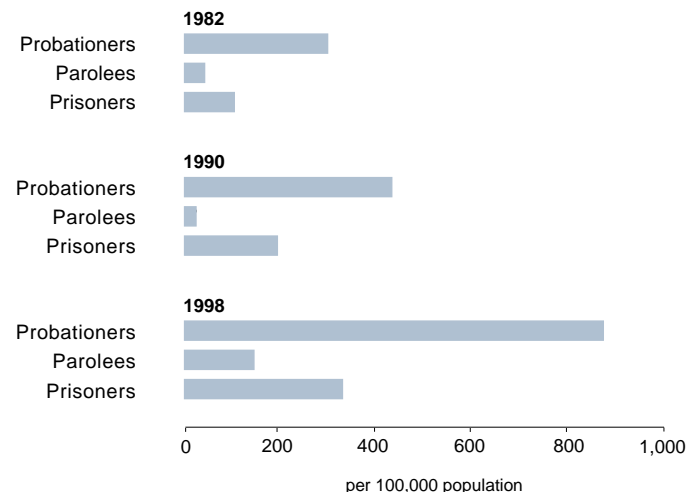
## Adult Corrections

How does the number of prison commitments compare with the number of offenders released from prison?

per 100,000 population



How has the number of offenders on probation, parole, and in prison changed?



## Idaho Statistical Profile

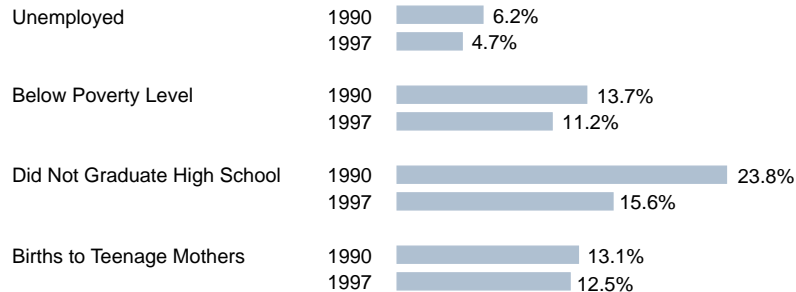
- ◆ The population of Idaho increased 19.6% from 1990–1997. The estimated population for 1998 was 1.2 million.
- ◆ As of 1996, 37.5% of the state's population lived in a metropolitan area.
- ◆ In 1998, residents 65 years of age or older comprised 11.3% of the population.
- ◆ Between 1995 and 2015, the juvenile population is projected to increase 18%.
- ◆ The median household income in 1997 was \$33,404.
- ◆ Total state and local justice system direct expenditures for 1995 were \$321.3 million.
- ◆ In 1995, the total staff of state correctional facilities was 851.



# Criminal Justice System Trends and Indicators

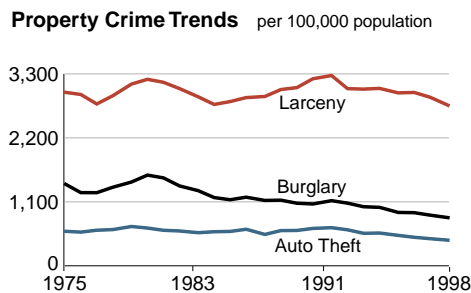
## Illinois

**Social indicators help describe how a state and its population change over time. What kinds of changes occurred in Illinois from 1990 to 1997 that might relate to justice system trends?**

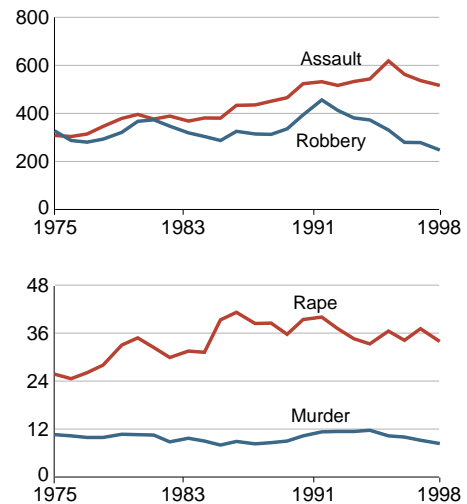


**The U.S. violent crime rate increased from 1975 to 1992, then decreased through 1998. The U.S. property crime rate has also decreased since the early 1990s.**

**What are the trends in Illinois?**



**Violent Crime Trends** per 100,000 population

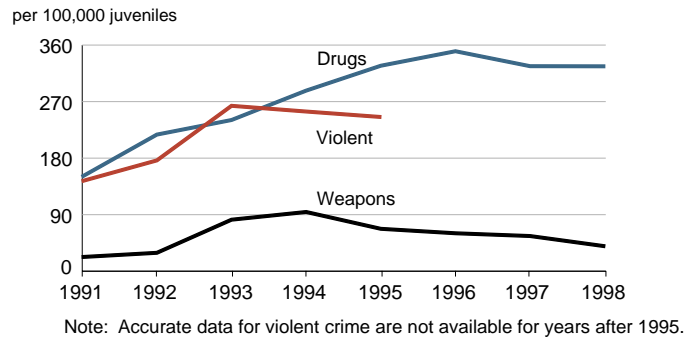


**Law enforcement agencies nationwide have been making greater use of civilian employees. What is the trend in Illinois?**

Year	Sworn Officers	Civilians
1991	29,415	9,668
1995	32,456	9,421
1998	33,742	9,397
Percent Change 1991-1998	15%	-3%

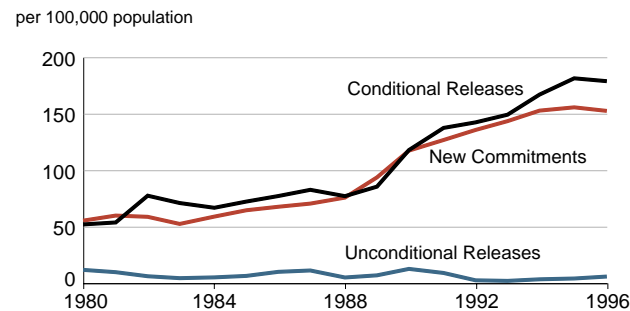
## Juvenile Delinquency

State and national attention focused on juvenile delinquency during the 1990s, particularly in the areas of violent, weapons, and drug crimes. What happened to arrest rates in Illinois for these crime types?

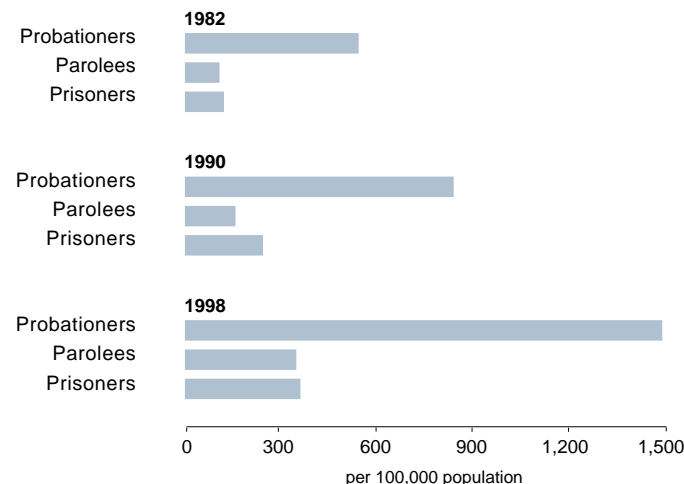


## Adult Corrections

How does the number of prison commitments compare with the number of offenders released from prison?



How has the number of offenders on probation, parole, and in prison changed?



## Illinois Statistical Profile

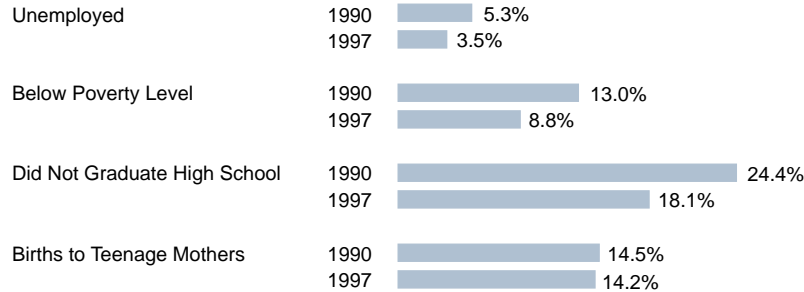
- ◆ The population of Illinois increased 4.9% from 1990–1997. The estimated population for 1998 was 12 million.
- ◆ As of 1996, 84.1% of the state's population lived in a metropolitan area.
- ◆ In 1998, residents 65 years of age or older comprised 12.4% of the population.
- ◆ Between 1995 and 2015, the juvenile population is projected to increase 2%.
- ◆ The median household income in 1997 was \$41,283.
- ◆ Total state and local justice system direct expenditures for 1995 were \$4 billion.
- ◆ In 1995, the total staff of state correctional facilities was 12,741.



# Criminal Justice System Trends and Indicators

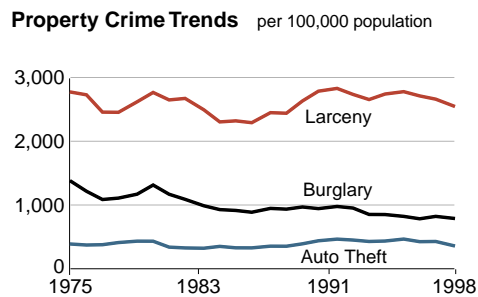
## Indiana

**Social indicators help describe how a state and its population change over time. What kinds of changes occurred in Indiana from 1990 to 1997 that might relate to justice system trends?**

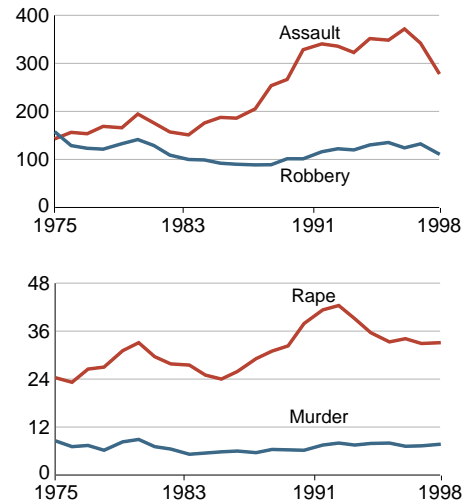


**The U.S. violent crime rate increased from 1975 to 1992, then decreased through 1998. The U.S. property crime rate has also decreased since the early 1990s.**

**What are the trends in Indiana?**



**Violent Crime Trends** per 100,000 population

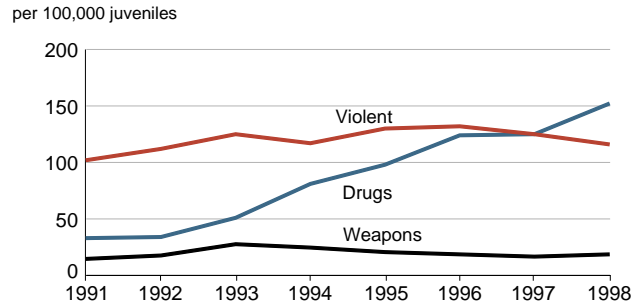


**Law enforcement agencies nationwide have been making greater use of civilian employees. What is the trend in Indiana?**

Year	Sworn Officers	Civilians
1991	8,698	4,033
1995	8,998	4,579
1998	10,781	5,816
Percent Change 1991-1998	24%	44%

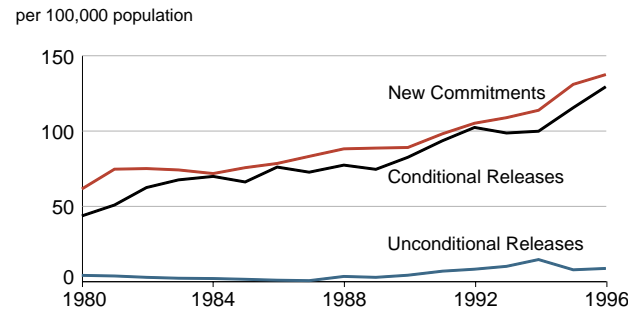
## Juvenile Delinquency

State and national attention focused on juvenile delinquency during the 1990s, particularly in the areas of violent, weapons, and drug crimes. What happened to arrest rates in Indiana for these crime types?

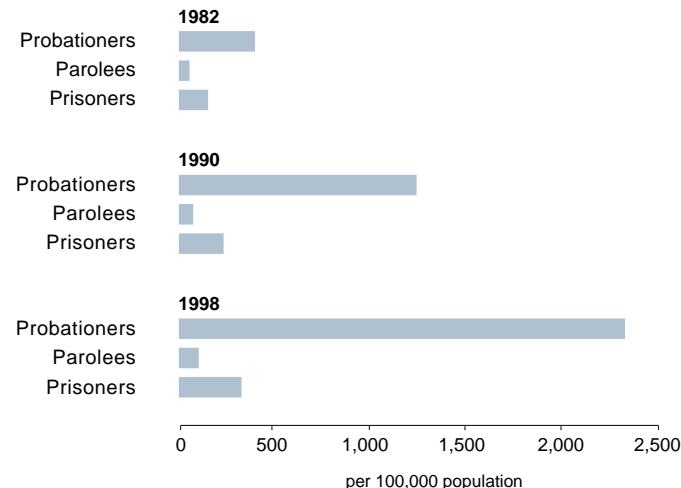


## Adult Corrections

How does the number of prison commitments compare with the number of offenders released from prison?



How has the number of offenders on probation, parole, and in prison changed?



## Indiana Statistical Profile

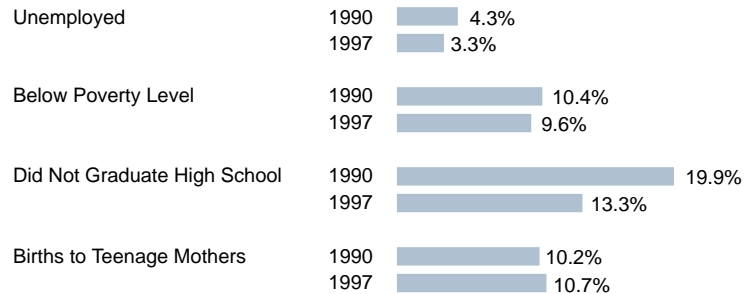
- ◆ The population of Indiana increased 5.7% from 1990–1997. The estimated population for 1998 was 5.9 million.
- ◆ As of 1996, 71.7% of the state's population lived in a metropolitan area.
- ◆ In 1998, residents 65 years of age or older comprised 12.5% of the population.
- ◆ Between 1995 and 2015, the juvenile population is projected to increase 0%.
- ◆ The median household income in 1997 was \$38,889.
- ◆ Total state and local justice system direct expenditures for 1995 were \$1.2 billion.
- ◆ In 1995, the total staff of state correctional facilities was 6,387.



# Criminal Justice System Trends and Indicators

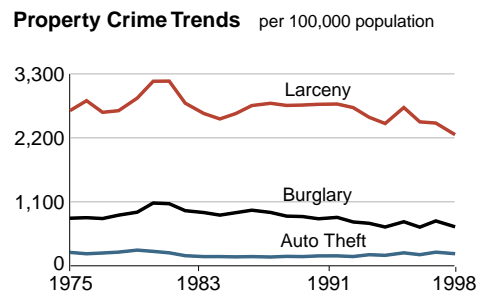
## Iowa

**Social indicators help describe how a state and its population change over time. What kinds of changes occurred in Iowa from 1990 to 1997 that might relate to justice system trends?**

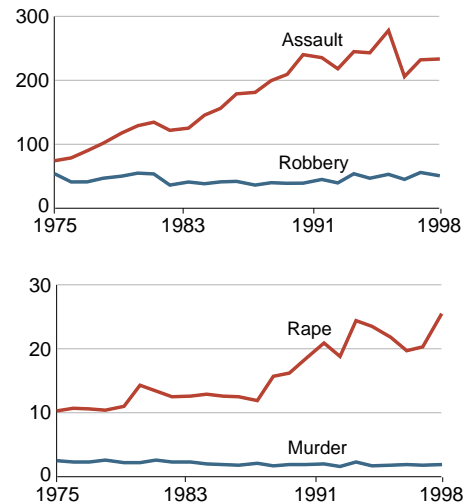


**The U.S. violent crime rate increased from 1975 to 1992, then decreased through 1998. The U.S. property crime rate has also decreased since the early 1990s.**

**What are the trends in Iowa?**



**Violent Crime Trends** per 100,000 population

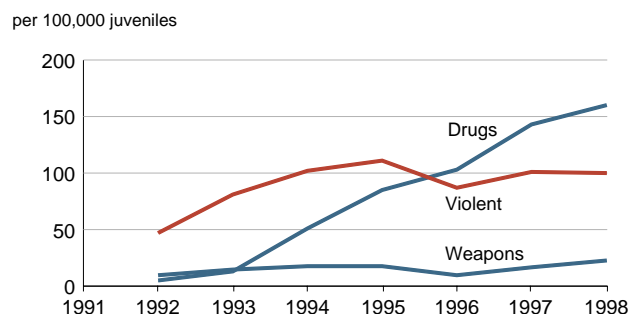


**Law enforcement agencies nationwide have been making greater use of civilian employees. What is the trend in Iowa?**

Year	Sworn Officers	Civilians
1991	4,296	1,655
1995	4,681	1,806
1998	4,964	2,071
Percent Change 1991-1998	16%	25%

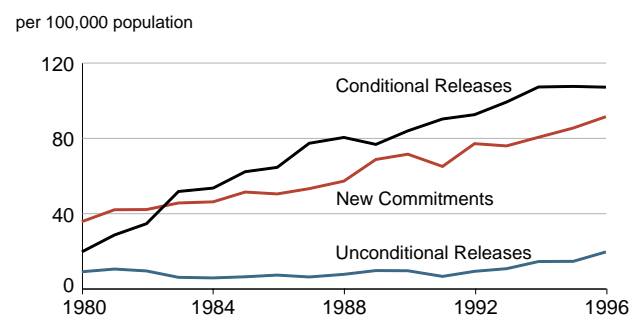
## Juvenile Delinquency

State and national attention focused on juvenile delinquency during the 1990s, particularly in the areas of violent, weapons, and drug crimes. What happened to arrest rates in Iowa for these crime types?

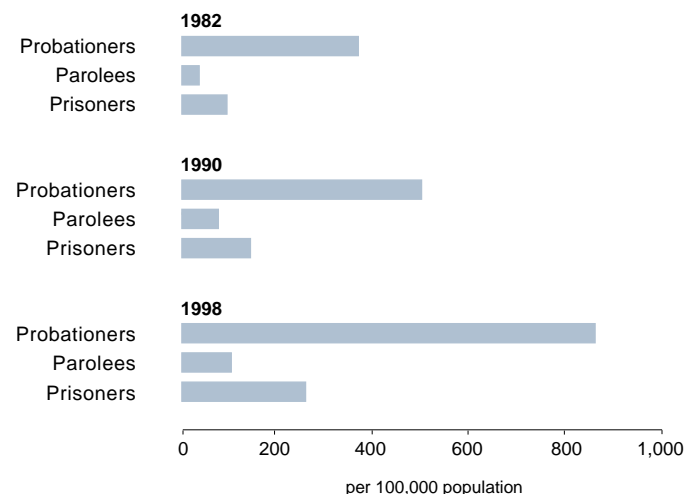


## Adult Corrections

How does the number of prison commitments compare with the number of offenders released from prison?



How has the number of offenders on probation, parole, and in prison changed?



## Iowa Statistical Profile

- ◆ The population of Iowa increased 2.7% from 1990–1997. The estimated population for 1998 was 2.9 million.
- ◆ As of 1996, 44.3% of the state's population lived in a metropolitan area.
- ◆ In 1998, residents 65 years of age or older comprised 15.1% of the population.
- ◆ Between 1995 and 2015, the juvenile population is projected to decrease 7%.
- ◆ The median household income in 1997 was \$33,783.
- ◆ Total state and local justice system direct expenditures for 1995 were \$700.5 million.
- ◆ In 1995, the total staff of state correctional facilities was 2,440.

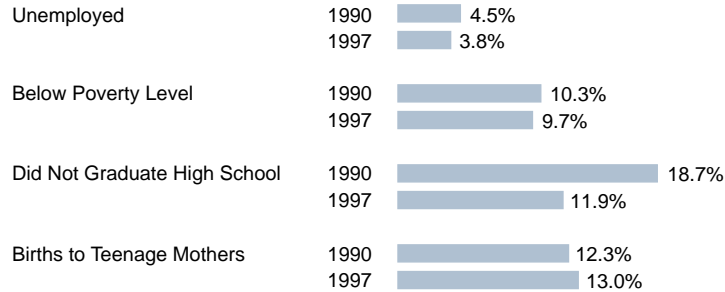




# Criminal Justice System Trends and Indicators

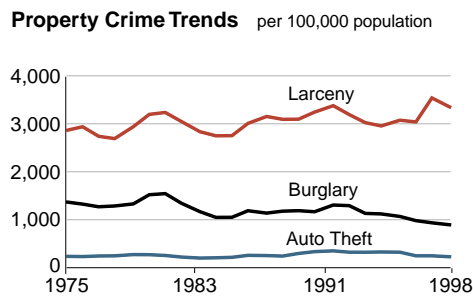
## Kansas

**Social indicators help describe how a state and its population change over time. What kinds of changes occurred in Kansas from 1990 to 1997 that might relate to justice system trends?**

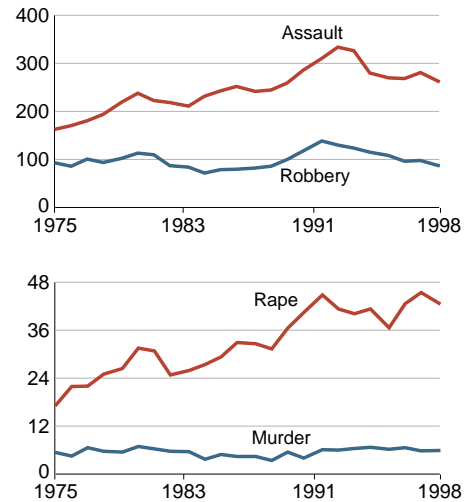


**The U.S. violent crime rate increased from 1975 to 1992, then decreased through 1998. The U.S. property crime rate has also decreased since the early 1990s.**

**What are the trends in Kansas?**



**Violent Crime Trends** per 100,000 population



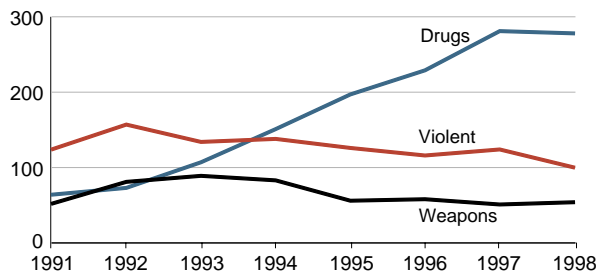
**Law enforcement agencies nationwide have been making greater use of civilian employees. What is the trend in Kansas?**

Year	Sworn Officers	Civilians
1991	5,339	1,988
1995	6,054	2,425
1998	6,572	2,729
Percent Change 1991-1998	23%	37%

## Juvenile Delinquency

State and national attention focused on juvenile delinquency during the 1990s, particularly in the areas of violent, weapons, and drug crimes. What happened to arrest rates in Kansas for these crime types?

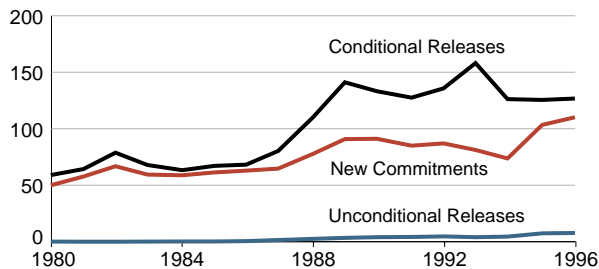
per 100,000 juveniles



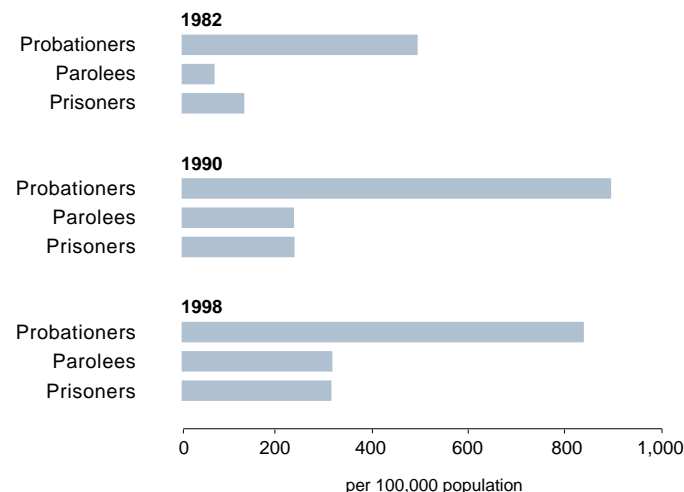
## Adult Corrections

How does the number of prison commitments compare with the number of offenders released from prison?

per 100,000 population



How has the number of offenders on probation, parole, and in prison changed?



## Kansas Statistical Profile

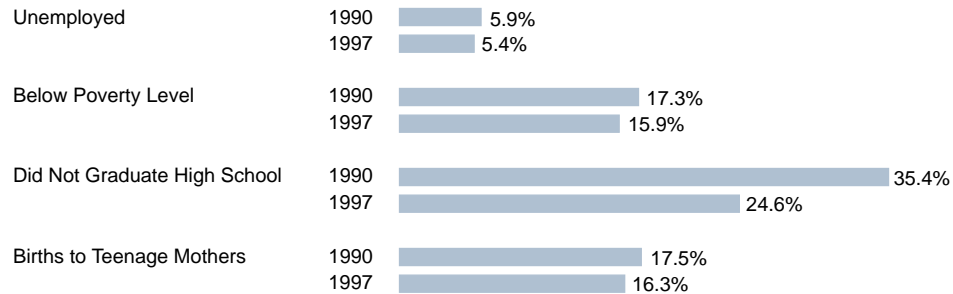
- ◆ The population of Kansas increased 5.5% from 1990–1997. The estimated population for 1998 was 2.6 million.
- ◆ As of 1996, 55.4% of the state's population lived in a metropolitan area.
- ◆ In 1998, residents 65 years of age or older comprised 13.5% of the population.
- ◆ Between 1995 and 2015, the juvenile population is projected to increase 4%.
- ◆ The median household income in 1997 was \$36,471.
- ◆ Total state and local justice system direct expenditures for 1995 were \$710 million.
- ◆ In 1995, the total staff of state correctional facilities was 3,072.



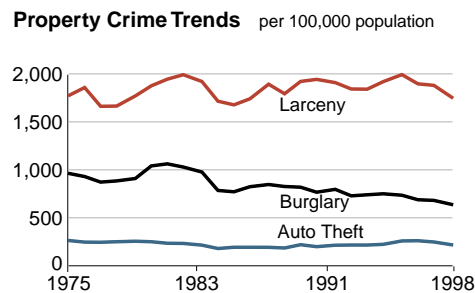
# Criminal Justice System Trends and Indicators

## Kentucky

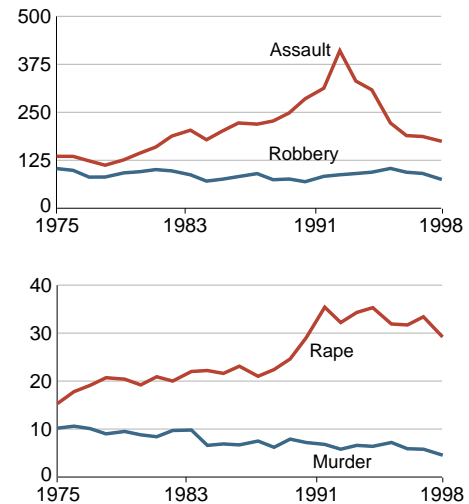
**Social indicators help describe how a state and its population change over time. What kinds of changes occurred in Kentucky from 1990 to 1997 that might relate to justice system trends?**



**The U.S. violent crime rate increased from 1975 to 1992, then decreased through 1998. The U.S. property crime rate has also decreased since the early 1990s. What are the trends in Kentucky?**



**Violent Crime Trends** per 100,000 population



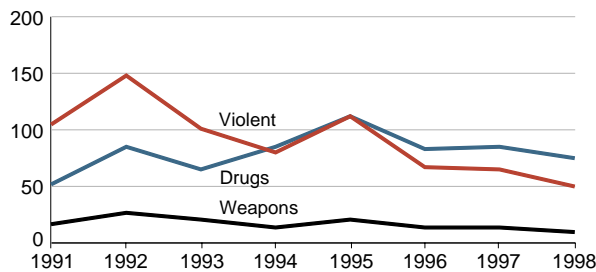
**Law enforcement agencies nationwide have been making greater use of civilian employees. What is the trend in Kentucky?**

Year	Sworn Officers	Civilians
1991	5,677	1,900
1995	7,077	2,132
1998	7,565	2,107
Percent Change 1991-1998	33%	11%

## Juvenile Delinquency

State and national attention focused on juvenile delinquency during the 1990s, particularly in the areas of violent, weapons, and drug crimes. What happened to arrest rates in Kentucky for these crime types?

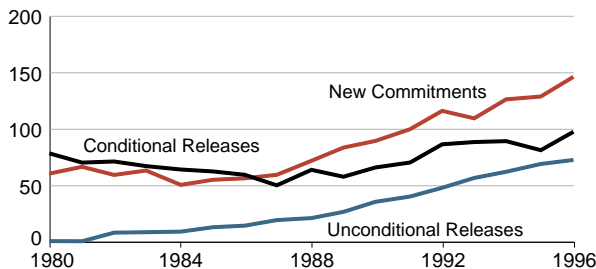
per 100,000 juveniles



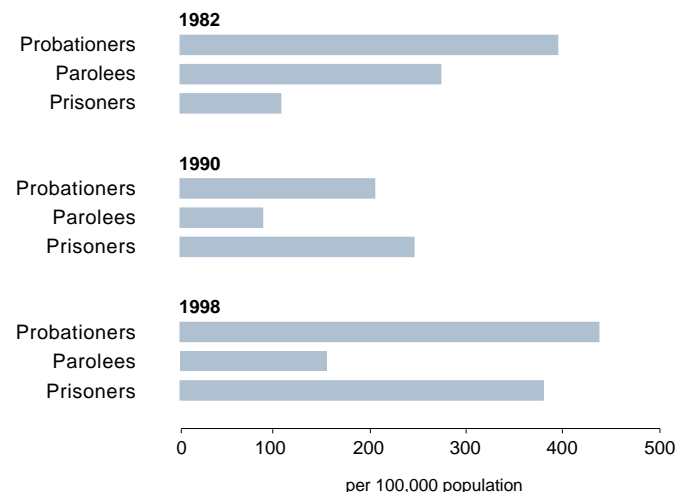
## Adult Corrections

How does the number of prison commitments compare with the number of offenders released from prison?

per 100,000 population

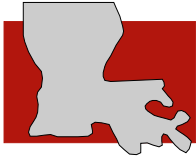


How has the number of offenders on probation, parole, and in prison changed?



## Kentucky Statistical Profile

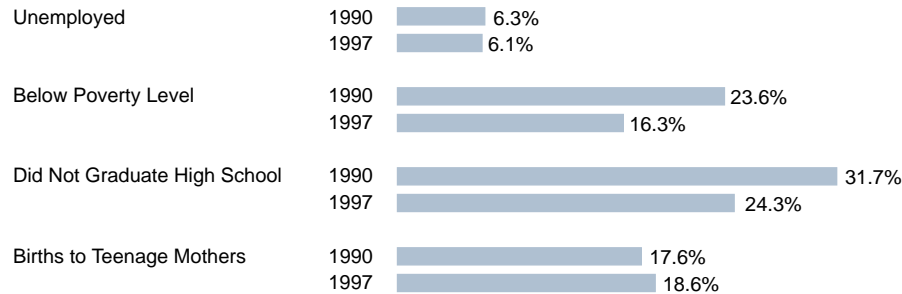
- ◆ The population of Kentucky increased 5.8% from 1990–1997. The estimated population for 1998 was 3.9 million.
- ◆ As of 1996, 48.2% of the state's population lived in a metropolitan area.
- ◆ In 1998, residents 65 years of age or older comprised 12.5% of the population.
- ◆ Between 1995 and 2015, the juvenile population is projected to decrease 7%.
- ◆ The median household income in 1997 was \$33,452.
- ◆ Total state and local justice system direct expenditures for 1995 were \$828.8 million.
- ◆ In 1995, the total staff of state correctional facilities was 3,233.



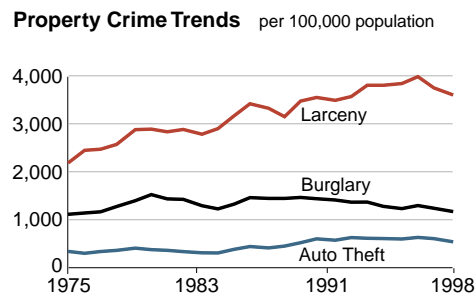
# Criminal Justice System Trends and Indicators

## Louisiana

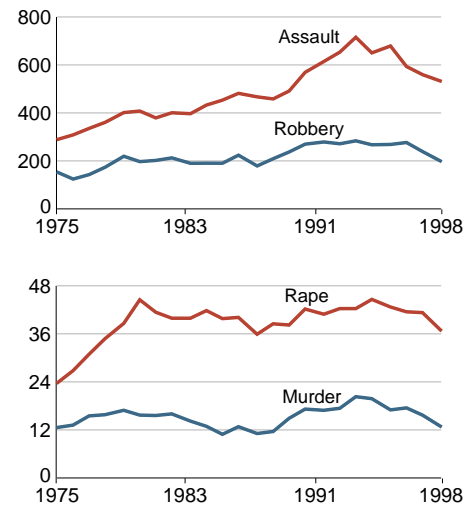
**Social indicators help describe how a state and its population change over time. What kinds of changes occurred in Louisiana from 1990 to 1997 that might relate to justice system trends?**



**The U.S. violent crime rate increased from 1975 to 1992, then decreased through 1998. The U.S. property crime rate has also decreased since the early 1990s. What are the trends in Louisiana?**



**Violent Crime Trends** per 100,000 population

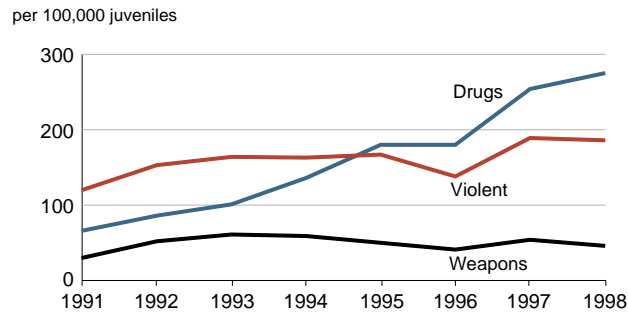


**Law enforcement agencies nationwide have been making greater use of civilian employees. What is the trend in Louisiana?**

Year	Sworn Officers	Civilians
1991	11,064	1,306
1995	13,606	3,607
1998	15,357	4,260
Percent Change 1991-1998	39%	226%

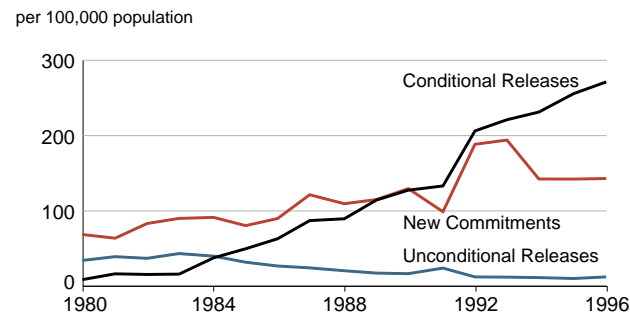
## Juvenile Delinquency

State and national attention focused on juvenile delinquency during the 1990s, particularly in the areas of violent, weapons, and drug crimes. What happened to arrest rates in Louisiana for these crime types?

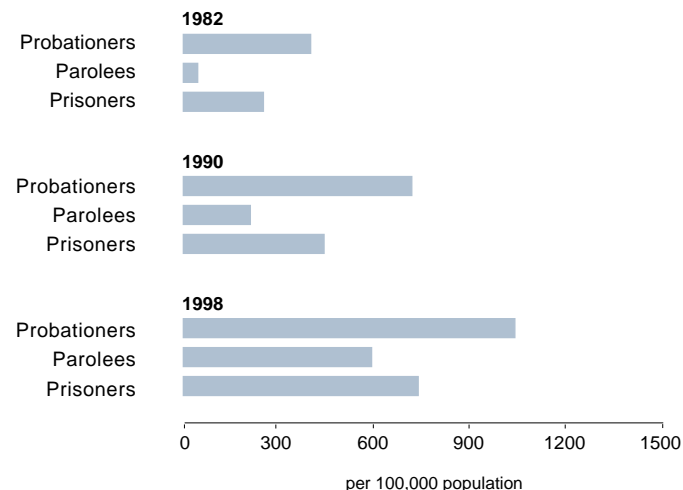


## Adult Corrections

How does the number of prison commitments compare with the number of offenders released from prison?

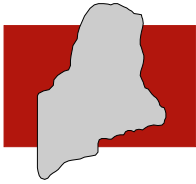


How has the number of offenders on probation, parole, and in prison changed?



## Louisiana Statistical Profile

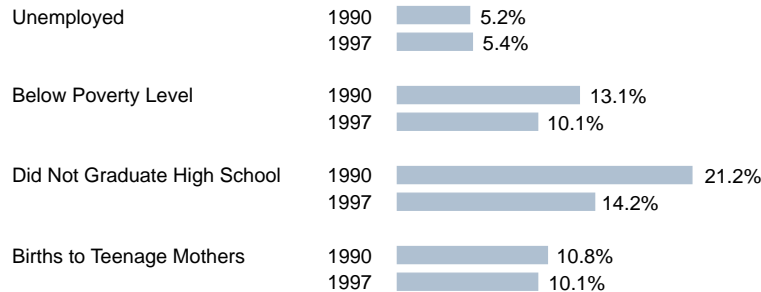
- ◆ The population of Louisiana increased 3.1% from 1990–1997. The estimated population for 1998 was 4.4 million.
- ◆ As of 1996, 75.2% of the state's population lived in a metropolitan area.
- ◆ In 1998, residents 65 years of age or older comprised 11.5% of the population.
- ◆ Between 1995 and 2015, the juvenile population is projected to decrease 1%.
- ◆ The median household income in 1997 was \$33,260.
- ◆ Total state and local justice system direct expenditures for 1995 were \$1.3 billion.
- ◆ In 1995, the total staff of state correctional facilities was 5,493.



# Criminal Justice System Trends and Indicators

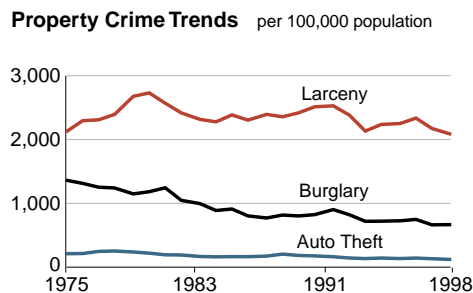
## Maine

**Social indicators help describe how a state and its population change over time. What kinds of changes occurred in Maine from 1990 to 1997 that might relate to justice system trends?**

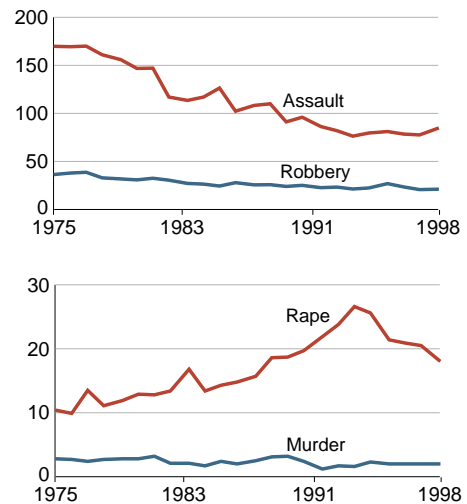


**The U.S. violent crime rate increased from 1975 to 1992, then decreased through 1998. The U.S. property crime rate has also decreased since the early 1990s.**

**What are the trends in Maine?**



**Violent Crime Trends** per 100,000 population



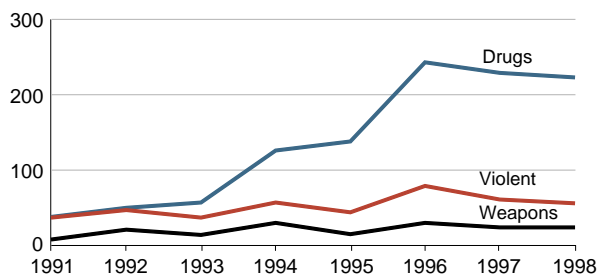
**Law enforcement agencies nationwide have been making greater use of civilian employees. What is the trend in Maine?**

Year	Sworn Officers	Civilians
1991	1,875	577
1995	2,011	647
1998	2,117	673
Percent Change 1991-1998	13%	17%

## Juvenile Delinquency

State and national attention focused on juvenile delinquency during the 1990s, particularly in the areas of violent, weapons, and drug crimes. What happened to arrest rates in Maine for these crime types?

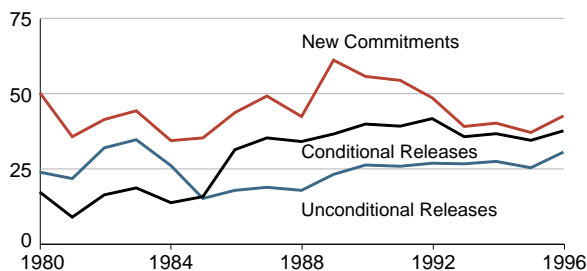
per 100,000 juveniles



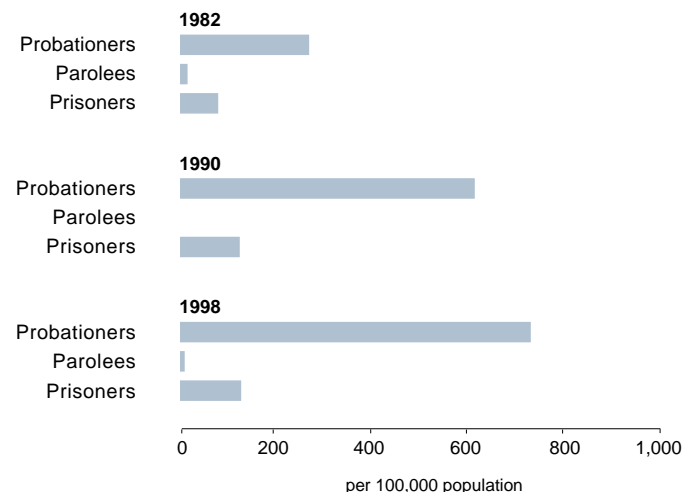
## Adult Corrections

How does the number of prison commitments compare with the number of offenders released from prison?

per 100,000 population



How has the number of offenders on probation, parole, and in prison changed?



## Maine Statistical Profile

- ◆ The population of Maine increased 1.1% from 1990–1997. The estimated population for 1998 was 1.2 million.
- ◆ As of 1996, 35.8% of the state's population lived in a metropolitan area.
- ◆ In 1998, residents 65 years of age or older comprised 14.1% of the population.
- ◆ Between 1995 and 2015, the juvenile population is projected to decrease 7%.
- ◆ The median household income in 1997 was \$32,772.
- ◆ Total state and local justice system direct expenditures for 1995 were \$259.9 million.
- ◆ In 1995, the total staff of state correctional facilities was 951.

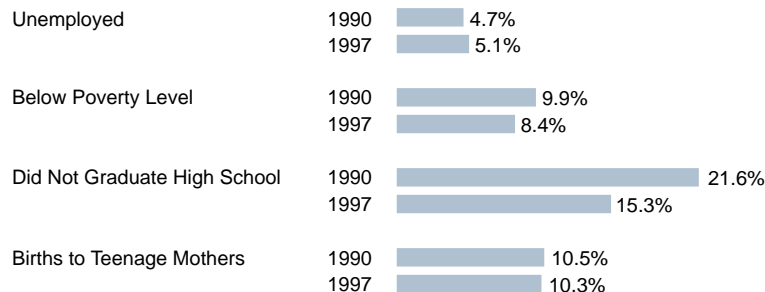




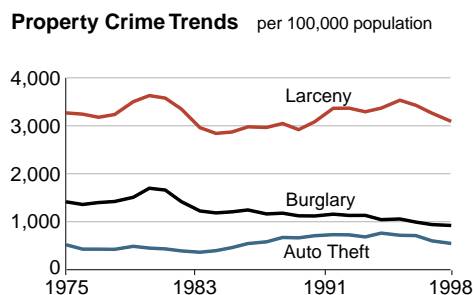
# Criminal Justice System Trends and Indicators

## Maryland

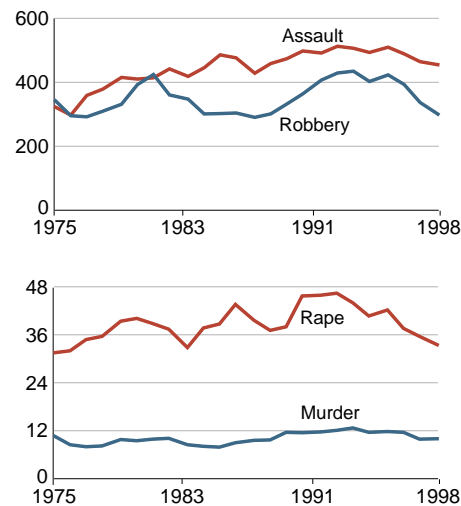
**Social indicators help describe how a state and its population change over time. What kinds of changes occurred in Maryland from 1990 to 1997 that might relate to justice system trends?**



**The U.S. violent crime rate increased from 1975 to 1992, then decreased through 1998. The U.S. property crime rate has also decreased since the early 1990s. What are the trends in Maryland?**



**Violent Crime Trends** per 100,000 population



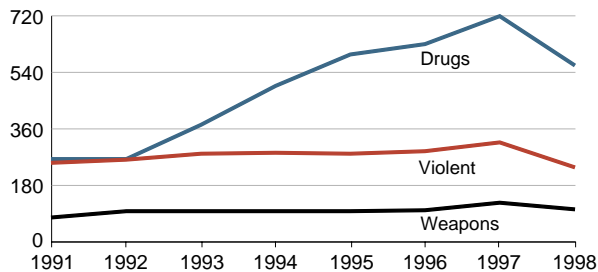
**Law enforcement agencies nationwide have been making greater use of civilian employees. What is the trend in Maryland?**

Year	Sworn Officers	Civilians
1991	12,992	3,644
1995	13,386	3,908
1998	14,174	3,973
Percent Change 1991-1998	9%	9%

## Juvenile Delinquency

State and national attention focused on juvenile delinquency during the 1990s, particularly in the areas of violent, weapons, and drug crimes. What happened to arrest rates in Maryland for these crime types?

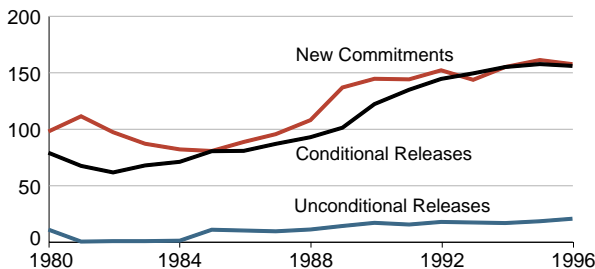
per 100,000 juveniles



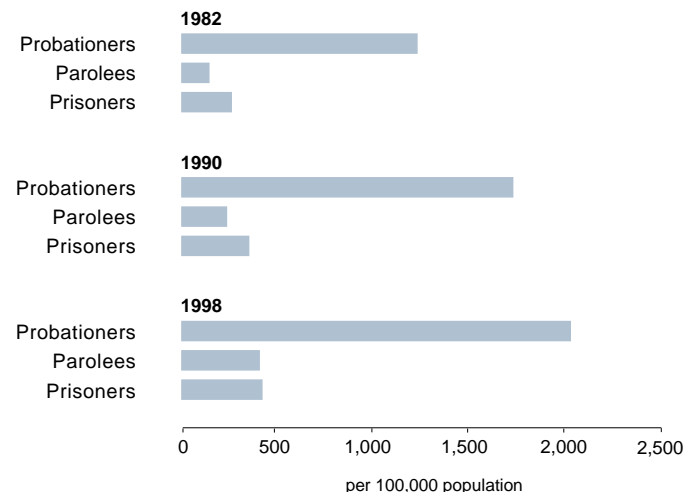
## Adult Corrections

How does the number of prison commitments compare with the number of offenders released from prison?

per 100,000 population



How has the number of offenders on probation, parole, and in prison changed?



## Maryland Statistical Profile

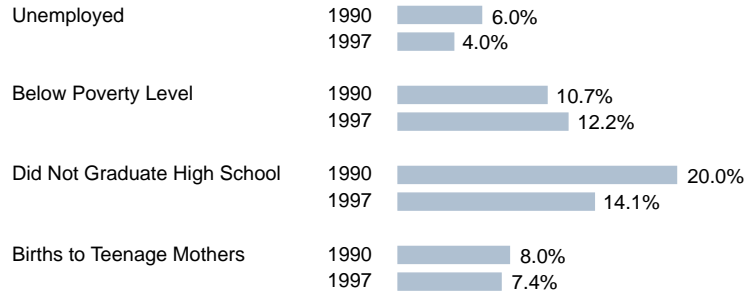
- ◆ The population of Maryland increased 6.2% from 1990–1997. The estimated population for 1998 was 5.1 million.
- ◆ As of 1996, 92.8% of the state's population lived in a metropolitan area.
- ◆ In 1998, residents 65 years of age or older comprised 11.5% of the population.
- ◆ Between 1995 and 2015, the juvenile population is projected to increase 7%.
- ◆ The median household income in 1997 was \$46,685.
- ◆ Total state and local justice system direct expenditures for 1995 were \$2.1 billion.
- ◆ In 1995, the total staff of state correctional facilities was 7,149.



# Criminal Justice System Trends and Indicators

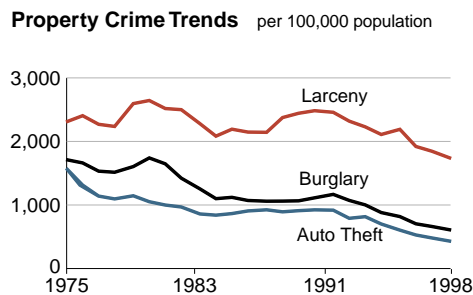
## Massachusetts

**Social indicators help describe how a state and its population change over time. What kinds of changes occurred in Massachusetts from 1990 to 1997 that might relate to justice system trends?**

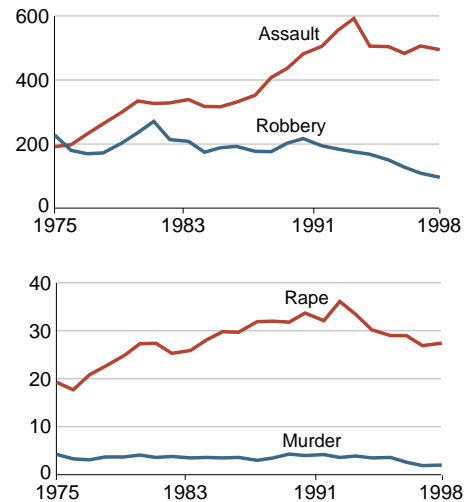


**The U.S. violent crime rate increased from 1975 to 1992, then decreased through 1998. The U.S. property crime rate has also decreased since the early 1990s.**

**What are the trends in Massachusetts?**



**Violent Crime Trends** per 100,000 population



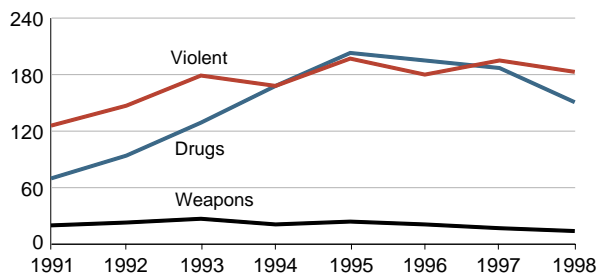
**Law enforcement agencies nationwide have been making greater use of civilian employees. What is the trend in Massachusetts?**

Year	Sworn Officers	Civilians
1991	13,472	2,315
1995	15,502	2,849
1998	16,407	3,189
Percent Change 1991-1998	22%	38%

## Juvenile Delinquency

State and national attention focused on juvenile delinquency during the 1990s, particularly in the areas of violent, weapons, and drug crimes. What happened to arrest rates in Massachusetts for these crime types?

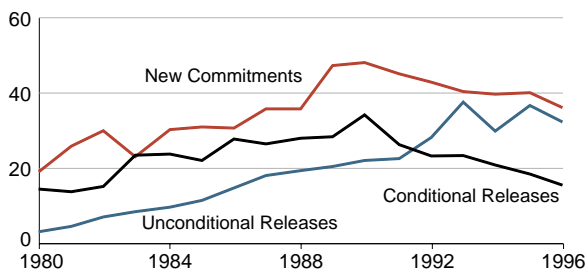
per 100,000 juveniles



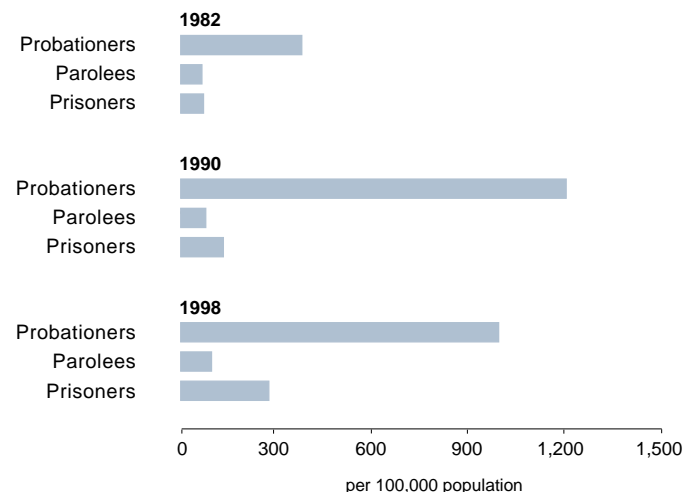
## Adult Corrections

How does the number of prison commitments compare with the number of offenders released from prison?

per 100,000 population

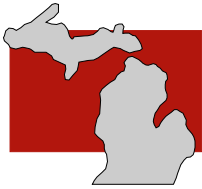


How has the number of offenders on probation, parole, and in prison changed?



## Massachusetts Statistical Profile

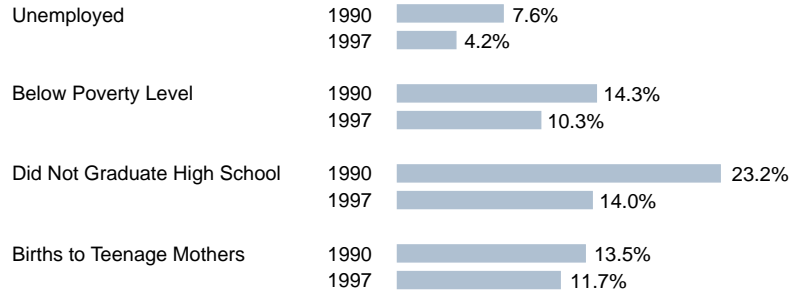
- ◆ The population of Massachusetts increased 1.6% from 1990–1997. The estimated population for 1998 was 6.1 million.
- ◆ As of 1996, 96.1% of the state's population lived in a metropolitan area.
- ◆ In 1998, residents 65 years of age or older comprised 14% of the population.
- ◆ Between 1995 and 2015, the juvenile population is projected to increase 2%.
- ◆ The median household income in 1997 was \$42,023.
- ◆ Total state and local justice system direct expenditures for 1995 were \$2.1 billion.
- ◆ In 1995, the total staff of state correctional facilities was 4,966.



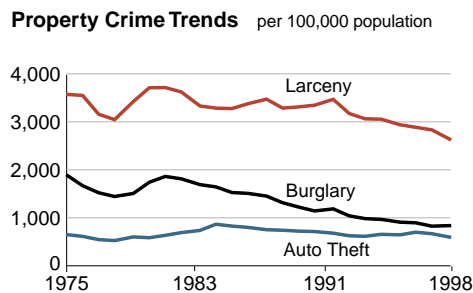
# Criminal Justice System Trends and Indicators

## Michigan

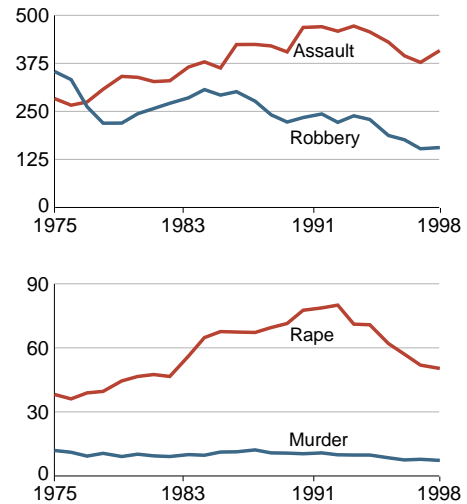
**Social indicators help describe how a state and its population change over time. What kinds of changes occurred in Michigan from 1990 to 1997 that might relate to justice system trends?**



**The U.S. violent crime rate increased from 1975 to 1992, then decreased through 1998. The U.S. property crime rate has also decreased since the early 1990s. What are the trends in Michigan?**



**Violent Crime Trends** per 100,000 population

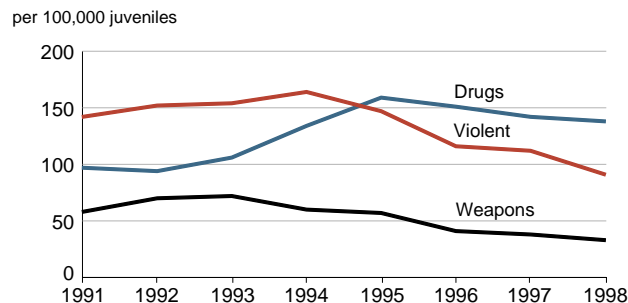


**Law enforcement agencies nationwide have been making greater use of civilian employees. What is the trend in Michigan?**

Year	Sworn Officers	Civilians
1991	18,976	5,932
1995	19,378	6,381
1998	20,805	6,810
Percent Change 1991-1998	10%	15%

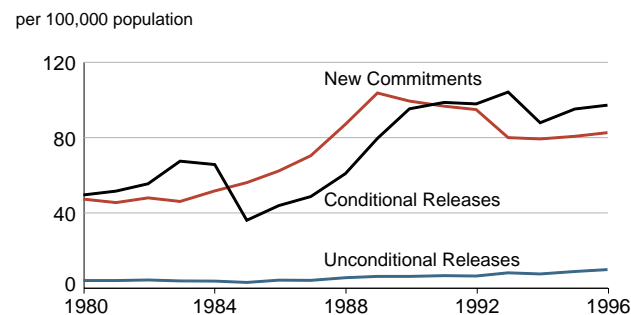
## Juvenile Delinquency

State and national attention focused on juvenile delinquency during the 1990s, particularly in the areas of violent, weapons, and drug crimes. What happened to arrest rates in Michigan for these crime types?

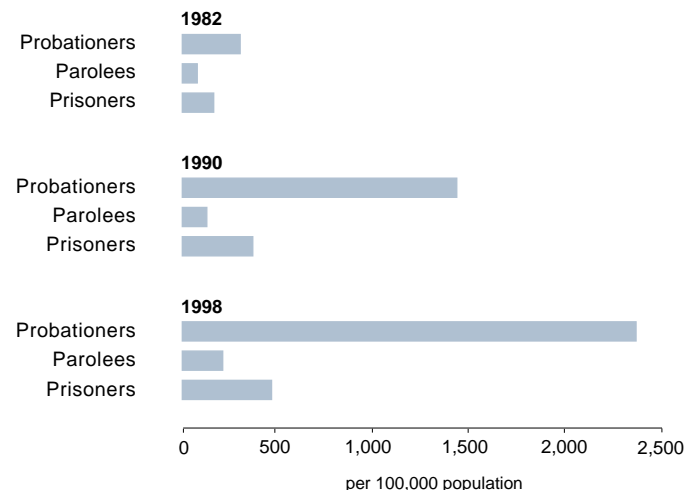


## Adult Corrections

How does the number of prison commitments compare with the number of offenders released from prison?

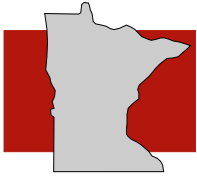


How has the number of offenders on probation, parole, and in prison changed?



## Michigan Statistical Profile

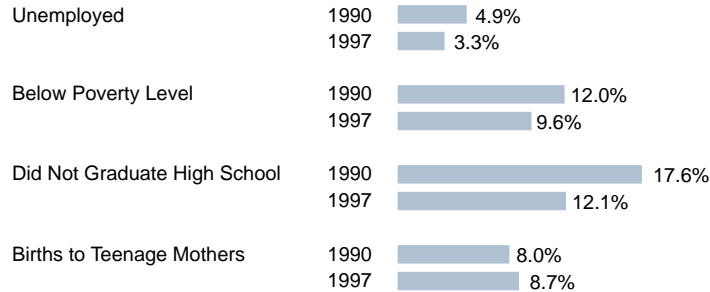
- ◆ The population of Michigan increased 5.1% from 1990–1997. The estimated population for 1998 was 9.8 million.
- ◆ As of 1996, 82.4% of the state's population lived in a metropolitan area.
- ◆ In 1998, residents 65 years of age or older comprised 12.5% of the population.
- ◆ Between 1995 and 2015, the juvenile population is projected to decrease 5%.
- ◆ The median household income in 1997 was \$38,742.
- ◆ Total state and local justice system direct expenditures for 1995 were \$3.6 billion.
- ◆ In 1995, the total staff of state correctional facilities was 14,186.



# Criminal Justice System Trends and Indicators

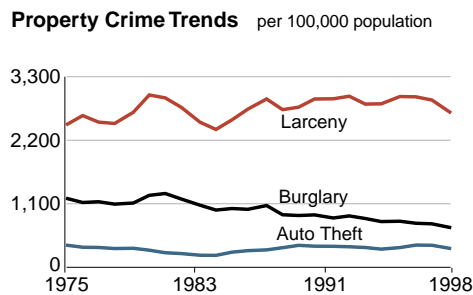
## Minnesota

**Social indicators help describe how a state and its population change over time. What kinds of changes occurred in Minnesota from 1990 to 1997 that might relate to justice system trends?**

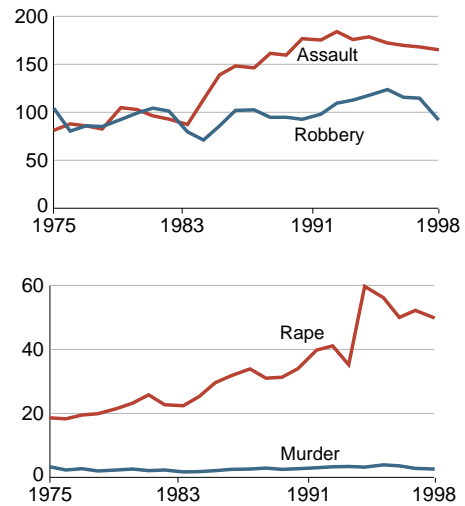


**The U.S. violent crime rate increased from 1975 to 1992, then decreased through 1998. The U.S. property crime rate has also decreased since the early 1990s.**

**What are the trends in Minnesota?**



**Violent Crime Trends** per 100,000 population



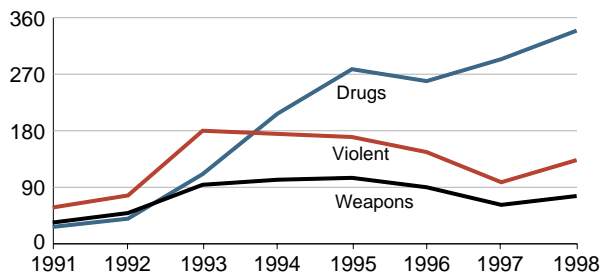
**Law enforcement agencies nationwide have been making greater use of civilian employees. What is the trend in Minnesota?**

Year	Sworn Officers	Civilians
1991	6,599	2,689
1995	6,778	2,953
1998	7,696	3,737
Percent Change 1991-1998	17%	39%

## Juvenile Delinquency

State and national attention focused on juvenile delinquency during the 1990s, particularly in the areas of violent, weapons, and drug crimes. What happened to arrest rates in Minnesota for these crime types?

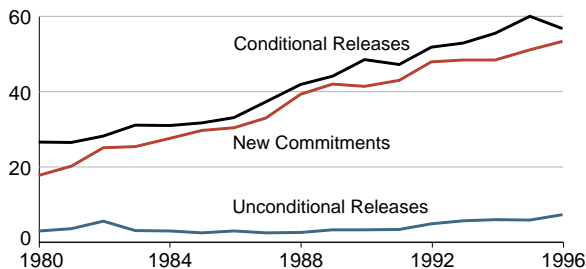
per 100,000 juveniles



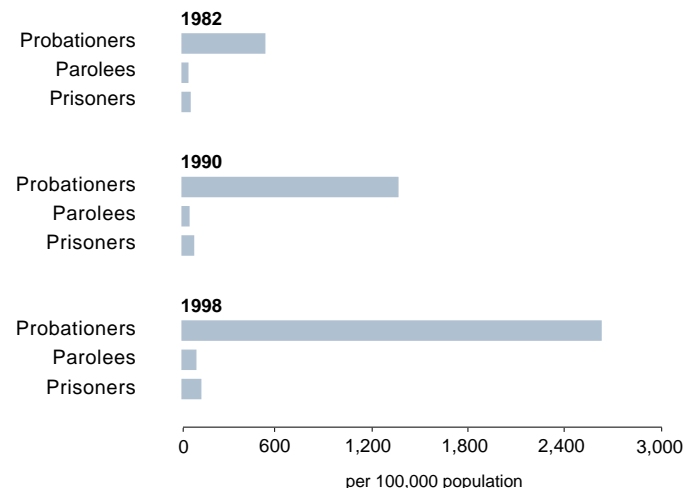
## Adult Corrections

How does the number of prison commitments compare with the number of offenders released from prison?

per 100,000 population



How has the number of offenders on probation, parole, and in prison changed?



## Minnesota Statistical Profile

- ◆ The population of Minnesota increased 6.8% from 1990–1997. The estimated population for 1998 was 4.7 million.
- ◆ As of 1996, 69.7% of the state's population lived in a metropolitan area.
- ◆ In 1998, residents 65 years of age or older comprised 12.3% of the population.
- ◆ Between 1995 and 2015, the juvenile population is projected to decrease 1%.
- ◆ The median household income in 1997 was \$42,564.
- ◆ Total state and local justice system direct expenditures for 1995 were \$1.3 billion.
- ◆ In 1995, the total staff of state correctional facilities was 2,606.

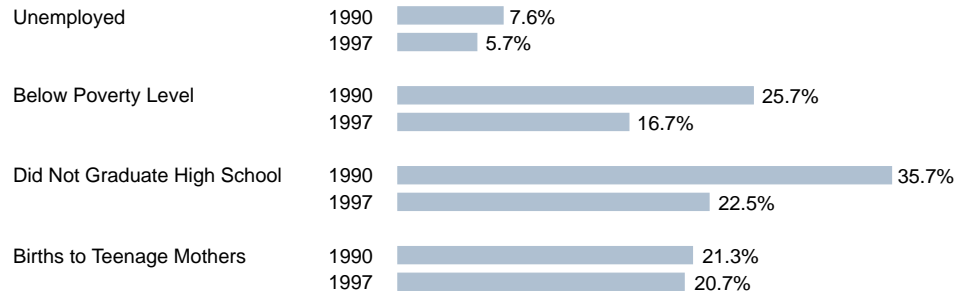




## Criminal Justice System Trends and Indicators

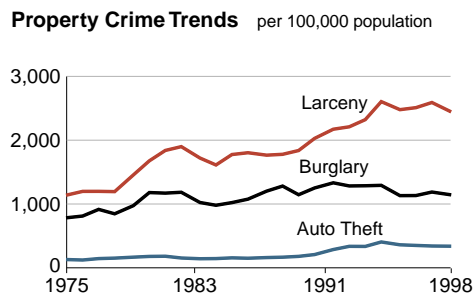
# Mississippi

**Social indicators help describe how a state and its population change over time. What kinds of changes occurred in Mississippi from 1990 to 1997 that might relate to justice system trends?**

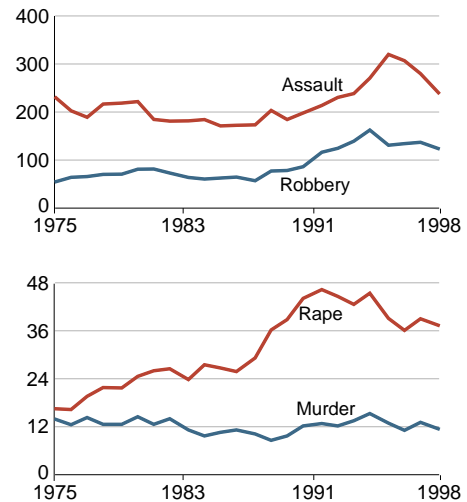


**The U.S. violent crime rate increased from 1975 to 1992, then decreased through 1998. The U.S. property crime rate has also decreased since the early 1990s.**

**What are the trends in Mississippi?**



**Violent Crime Trends** per 100,000 population

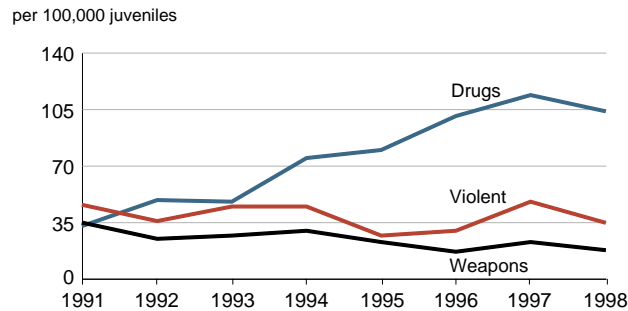


**Law enforcement agencies nationwide have been making greater use of civilian employees. What is the trend in Mississippi?**

Year	Sworn Officers	Civilians
1991	3,830	1,307
1995	3,622	1,598
1998	5,314	2,907
Percent Change 1991-1998	39%	122%

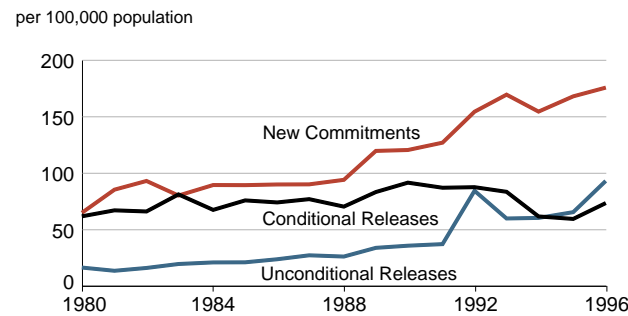
## Juvenile Delinquency

State and national attention focused on juvenile delinquency during the 1990s, particularly in the areas of violent, weapons, and drug crimes. What happened to arrest rates in Mississippi for these crime types?

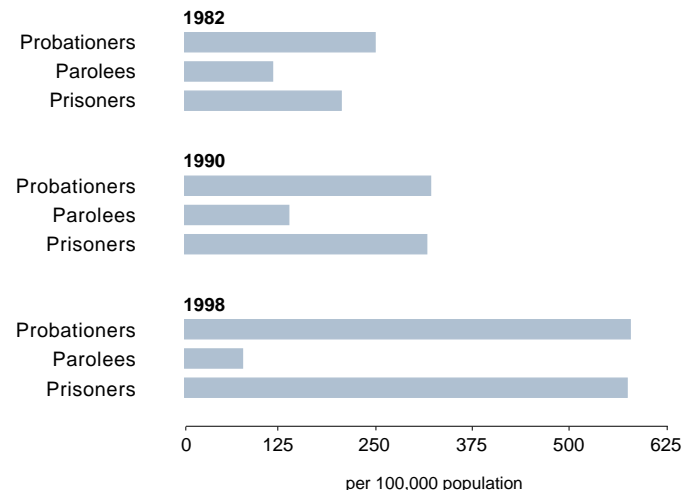


## Adult Corrections

How does the number of prison commitments compare with the number of offenders released from prison?

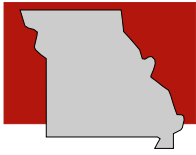


How has the number of offenders on probation, parole, and in prison changed?



## Mississippi Statistical Profile

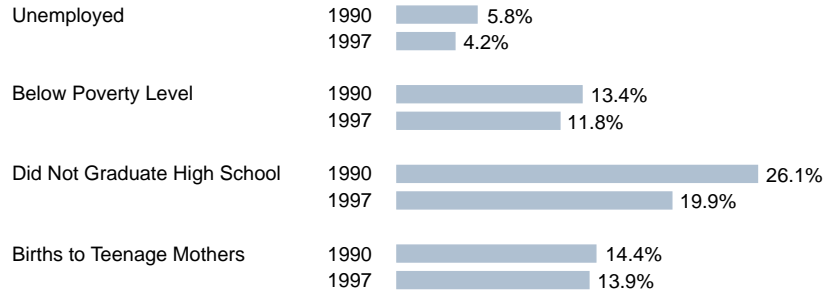
- ◆ The population of Mississippi increased 6% from 1990–1997. The estimated population for 1998 was 2.8 million.
- ◆ As of 1996, 35.3% of the state's population lived in a metropolitan area.
- ◆ In 1998, residents 65 years of age or older comprised 12.2% of the population.
- ◆ Between 1995 and 2015, the juvenile population is projected to decrease 3%.
- ◆ The median household income in 1997 was \$28,499.
- ◆ Total state and local justice system direct expenditures for 1995 were \$507.6 million.
- ◆ In 1995, the total staff of state correctional facilities was 2,930.



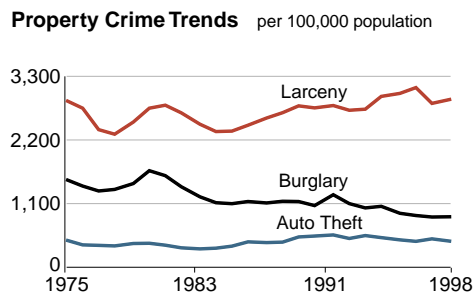
# Criminal Justice System Trends and Indicators

## Missouri

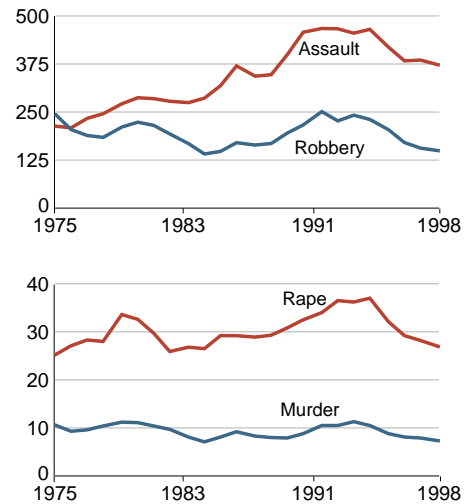
**Social indicators help describe how a state and its population change over time. What kinds of changes occurred in Missouri from 1990 to 1997 that might relate to justice system trends?**



**The U.S. violent crime rate increased from 1975 to 1992, then decreased through 1998. The U.S. property crime rate has also decreased since the early 1990s. What are the trends in Missouri?**



**Violent Crime Trends** per 100,000 population

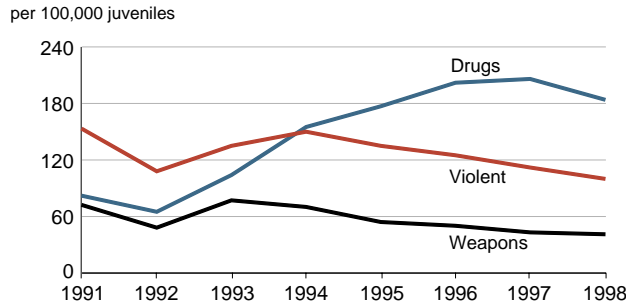


**Law enforcement agencies nationwide have been making greater use of civilian employees. What is the trend in Missouri?**

Year	Sworn Officers	Civilians
1991	9,494	3,764
1995	10,820	4,329
1998	11,813	4,976
Percent Change 1991-1998	24%	32%

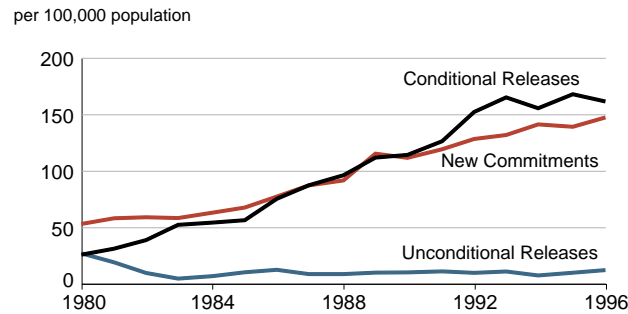
## Juvenile Delinquency

State and national attention focused on juvenile delinquency during the 1990s, particularly in the areas of violent, weapons, and drug crimes. What happened to arrest rates in Missouri for these crime types?

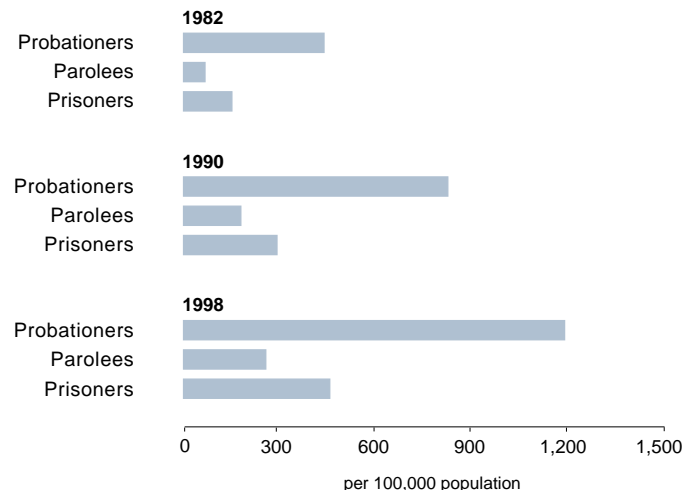


## Adult Corrections

How does the number of prison commitments compare with the number of offenders released from prison?



How has the number of offenders on probation, parole, and in prison changed?



## Missouri Statistical Profile

- ◆ The population of Missouri increased 5.5% from 1990–1997. The estimated population for 1998 was 5.4 million.
- ◆ As of 1996, 68% of the state's population lived in a metropolitan area.
- ◆ In 1998, residents 65 years of age or older comprised 13.7% of the population.
- ◆ Between 1995 and 2015, the juvenile population is projected to increase 0%.
- ◆ The median household income in 1997 was \$36,553.
- ◆ Total state and local justice system direct expenditures for 1995 were \$1.3 billion.
- ◆ In 1995, the total staff of state correctional facilities was 5,423.